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X Collection

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#2 **GOP** achievements

1953 • 1960
 X-JK2353
 5 1960 1961
 War

Ended the Korean War.
 Snuffed out threats to peace in Formosa, Quemoy, Matsu, Lebanon, Iran, Jordan; settled Suez Crisis; blocked Reds in Trieste, Guatemala, Austria.

Stopped the substantial territorial gains which International Communism achieved while Democrats were in power.

Strengthened Free World Alliances, formed number of new treaty partnerships, developed Eisenhower Doctrine for Mid-East.

Opened way toward sounder peace, lessened international tensions with world tours of President Eisenhower and Vice President Nixon; pressed negotiations toward iron-clad settlements of nuclear test ban, status of Germany, disarmament.

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1953 • 1960
 X-JK2353
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X-JK2853

1960

#4

why **YOU** should **VOTE REPUBLICAN!**



- Our Principles
- Our Goals
- Our Record

*The President of the United States
gives the details on*

REPUBLICAN PRINCIPLES
AND ITS ACHIEVEMENTS

Recruit for

X-JK2353

1960

#3



As a volunteer in the Recruit for '60 Program, you will be doing the most important work that any one can do to bring about a Republican victory in the next presidential election.

On behalf of all Republicans, I thank you for the devotion to your Party and your country which you are demonstrating by the job you are undertaking.

Thurston B. Clark
REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CHAIRMAN

X JK2353
1960

#5

X-JK 2353
1960

#5

The Governor and Mrs. William G. Stratton

request the pleasure of your company

at a reception

on Monday the twenty-fifth of July

two o'clock until five o'clock

Grand Ballroom

Conrad Hilton Hotel

Chicago, Illinois

RSVP

IT'S NEW

K2353

#6

1960



TO HELP YOU

**SMASH
THROUGH**

**TO G O P VICTORY
IN 1960**

JK2353

1960 #7



Rep. Gerald Ford, Jr.
Michigan

FORD of MICHIGAN

A TEAM PLAYER
WHO WORKS
TO ACHIEVE

Nominate Him For
VICE PRESIDENT

X-JK2353
1960 #8

**The
REPUBLICAN
Record
of Progress**

5 - 1
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then

and now...

X-JK2353

1960

#9

THE
EISENHOWER
RECORD
AND
THE
FUTURE . . .

5 1548 -1
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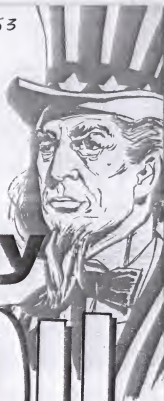


Address of
**THE VICE PRESIDENT
OF THE UNITED STATES**

At The
Chicago, 'Dinner With Ike'
Chicago, Illinois
January 27, 1960

X-JK2353
1960

#110



why

YOU

should

GO

5 Nov -1
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into

POLITICS...

THUMBNAIL BIOGRAPHY OF . . . RICHARD NIXON

X-JK2353
1960

Copy 1961

DICK NIXON, 36th Vice President of the United States, was born in Yorba Linda, California, January 9, 1913. As a youngster he worked in his Quaker family's general store, learning early hard work, thrift and spiritual values.

His charming wife Pat also came up the hard way; orphaned early, she worked in hospitals and department stores to put herself through college. The Nixons met in Whittier where she was teaching school, and were married in 1940.

After practicing law for five years in Whittier, he served in the Navy during World War II, spending 15 months in the South Pacific.

Dick Nixon was elected to Congress in 1946, and re-elected in 1948, receiving the nominations of both Republicans and Democrats. His voting record, service and outstanding ability led to his election as U. S. Senator in 1950.

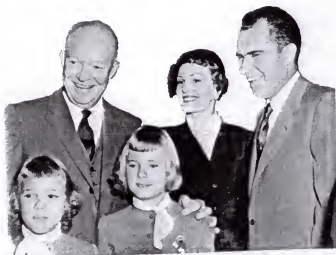
Selected by Dwight D. Eisenhower as his running mate in 1952, Dick has become in Ike's words, "The most valuable member of my team."

He has brought real stature to the Vice Presidency. He has presided over Cabinet and National Security Council meetings and plays a major role in forming Administration policies. His trips to 32 foreign countries have won countless friends for our nation.

Dick Nixon—young in age, mature in experience and judgment—his has been a brilliant career in the American success story tradition.

Issued by REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE, Washington, D. C.

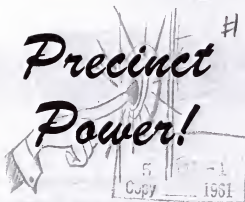
102



X-JK 2353
1960

#12

Precinct Power!



The Only Way to Win

This is a guide to help you develop stronger precinct organizations—the foundation of political victory. It tells you the basic jobs which must be done everywhere:

- ✓ CANVASS all residents to locate Republicans and those Independents and Democrats who will vote for your candidates.
- ✓ RECRUIT new workers from these favorable voters.
- ✓ MAKE CERTAIN all the favorable voters are registered and that all of them vote on Election Day. Your efforts are wasted if they do not vote.
- ✓ CONCENTRATE on Republicans, favorable Independents and discerning Democrats whose votes will mean a Republican victory.
- ✓ DON'T waste time arguing with people whom you cannot convince.

Remember you are working for a precious ideal. Upon your efforts in your precinct depends the kind of government we are to have in your America.

#13



X-JK2353
1960



Action course in practical politics

1

The Individual in Politics

2

Political Party Organization

3

The Political Precinct

4

The Political Campaign

5

Political Clubs

6

The Political Leader's Problems

7

Political Meetings

8

Businessmen in Politics

9

The Politicians Speak

to help businessmen become effective in politics



X-JK2353
1960

what the
Democratic
farm plan
would do to

#14

YOU!

5 MAR -1
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1960

#15

**PEACE
AND
PREPAREDNESS**

5 pages
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**The
Republican
Record**



*"The path of reason and common sense is
still open if the Soviets will but use it."*

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1960

#16

PRESIDENT EISENHOWER'S
televised report
to the NATION
ON THE SUMMIT MEETING
May 25, 1960

5 MAY - 1
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1960 #17

REPUBLICAN

Copy

1961

WORKERS' MANUAL



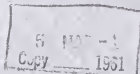
WORK
and
WIN



X-JK2353

1960

#18



A ROAD TO VICTORY

"I know of no reason for the Republican Party ever to lose an election if its true image is before the people, its candidates are the best that can be obtained and if it has the manpower at the precinct level."

An address by the Republican National Chairman, Meade Alcorn, to the Republican National Committee meeting, Des Moines, Iowa, January 22, 1959.

X-JK2353

1960

copy

#19

**YOUR STAKE
IN A
SOUND ECONOMY**

WHAT IT MEANS

- To You
- To Your Family
- To Your Pensions
- To Your Retirement Funds
- To Your Insurance
- To Your Savings
- To the Cost of Living
- TO NATIONAL SECURITY

AS AN
AMERICAN
VOTER

WHAT

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X-JK2353
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DO YOU BELIEVE?

X-JK2353
1960

#21

Building

A BETTER AMERICA

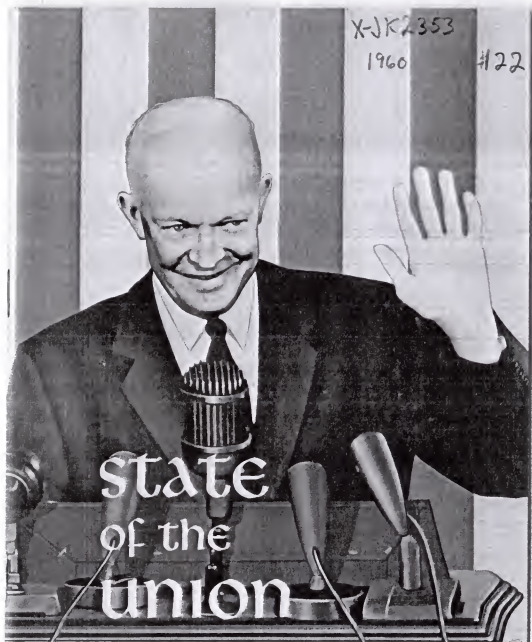
**REPUBLICAN PLATFORM
1960**

**REPORT OF THE
COMMITTEE ON RESOLUTIONS
TO THE**

Republican National Convention

JULY 27, 1960

CHICAGO, ILLINOIS



The President of the United States
Dwight D. Eisenhower
January 7,

1960



Meeting The Challenges
Of The **SIXTIES**

X-JK2353
1960

#24

The
HISTORY
of the
REPUBLICAN
PARTY



1854

1956

X-JK2353

1960

behind the big story...^{#25}

AT THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION - 1960



*It's an exclusive!
Illinois Bell's Mobile Phone Center
It's 'Johnny-on-the-spot' when spot news breaks*

NEWS SERVICE DIVISION
ILLINOIS BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY
(FOR THE BELL SYSTEM)



THE DENVER POST

JK2353

June, 1960

1960

To Win, Republicans Must Launch
A Draft for Nelson Rockefeller

#26

REPUBLICANS are making a serious mistake which may well catch up with them next November.

They should be organizing a "draft" for Gov. Nelson Rockefeller of New York who appears to be the most attractive Republican candidate that could be offered to the people of the United States this year in the presidential sweepstakes.

Instead, Republicans are sitting around telling one another that Richard Nixon is the certain nominee; that he has such a firm and unchallenged hold on the party's machinery that no one can dislodge him; that the party has no choice but to try to make Nixon acceptable to the electorate on the platform of "Peace and Prosperity."

This is the stuff that political defeat is made of.

If the course of events in the last 30 years has proved anything it is that:

1. The country favors the Democratic Party under ordinary circumstances;
2. Neither party can win without attracting independent voters who have the balance of power, and,
3. Republicans can score major victories only when they present candidates who possess great personal appeal for uncommitted voters.

In 1956, 44 pct. of American voters generally considered themselves to be Democrats. Only 29 pct. considered themselves to be Republicans and 23 pct. considered themselves to be Independents.

Yet, in 1956, Eisenhower won reelection by an overwhelming majority. He had the appeal to lure Democrats in large numbers across party lines and to capture the support of Independents.

NELSON ROCKEFELLER, too, seems to have that kind of appeal. Republicans should not be blind to this possibility.

Nixon might make a good president. He is reasonably smart. He is an old hand at politics.

But Nixon is strictly a party product. The G.O.P. has made him what he is, vice president by virtue of a ride on Eisenhower's coattails.

Republican precinct committeemen and the party faithful like him. He is their boy. But they should face the uncomfortable fact that Nixon is not the type to inspire fervid enthusiasm among uncommitted voters who will determine the outcome of the 1960 race.

It may be that he is lacking in that vague quality called "personal magnetism." It may be that he simply does not impress people as being of presidential caliber.

The reasons why he does not measure up to being the kind of candidate the Republican Party needs are not particularly important. The important thing is to find a candidate with the attributes which Nixon lacks.

Nelson Rockefeller is the only man in sight at this time.

TOM DEWEY, an astute politician if there ever was one, says Rockefeller is the "greatest thing that has happened" to the Republican party in many a year.

Rockefeller is a Republican who has shown he can rise above party considerations when circumstances require. Independent voters like that. It is one of the reasons they have liked Ike. They do not like a party man who acts like a party man under any and all circumstances.

Rockefeller, as governor of New York, has shown courage and leadership. He is progressive and there is nothing synthetic or calculated in his progressivism.

Republicans generally must know he would have a broader appeal to voters throughout the political spectrum than any other man they could nominate.

Moreover, there can be no doubt that he is "available" if Republican Party members will act quickly to organize on his behalf, make it plain that they do not consider the nomination of Nixon inevitable and prepare to make a battle on Rockefeller's behalf at the Republican National Convention.

NOTHING that is said here is new. Many Republicans throughout the country have been thinking the same thing for months. Some of them have refrained from voicing their thoughts because of a mistaken sense of loyalty to their party.

They are hoping against hope that if they keep quiet, sit tight, pretend to believe Nixon might win, a miracle might happen. They are deluding themselves. They are trying to ignore what the voter preference polls are saying.

This newspaper does not expect to be popular with party-line Republicans for saying, right out in print, what others are saying in whispers. But this newspaper is interested in seeing both parties nominate their strongest candidates. The American people deserve to be given a choice between the best that each party can offer.

If Rockefeller were nominated he would by no means be a shoo-in. He might not win. But he would, we are sure, be a stronger candidate than Richard Nixon. That is the only point we want to make. We hope Republicans will think it over.

NEWS FROM

JK2353
1960

#27

NATIONAL DRAFT ROCKEFELLER COMMITTEE

Press Room
Conrad Hilton Hotel--Parlor 24 & 25 or
Telephone: HArrison 7-4233-4611-4640

HARSHE-ROTMAN, Inc.
108 North State Street
Telephone: Financial 6-6868

July 21, 1960
FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

'ROCKEFELLER CENTER' FLOURISHING IN THEATER IN CHICAGO

The houselights are dimmed but the drama is heightening daily at Chicago's Blackstone Theater where the Illinois Draft Rockefeller volunteers have set up their production.

Thousands of people representing many states, different religious backgrounds and various racial groups have flocked to "Rockefeller Center" to register their enthusiastic support of the New York governor as the Republican presidential candidate. These are men and women and young people, many of whom have had no political experience, but who are dedicated in their round-the-clock efforts.

In addition to the crowds who arrive daily to pick up banners, buttons, and petitions, the Center has received thousands of answers to its call for volunteers and contributions.

This part of the "Draft Rockefeller" movement got its start with the Charles Lindsay family of St. Charles, Ill., a Republican vote-getting clan for many years.

-More-

NEWS FROM

x JK2353

1960

#28

NATIONAL DRAFT ROCKEFELLER COMMITTEE

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HARSHE-ROTMAN, Inc.
108 North State Street
Telephone: Financial 6-6868

July 21, 1960
FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

TOP DAILY PAPERS ENDORSE 'DRAFT ROCKEFELLER' MOVEMENT

At least three of the nation's leading independent newspapers have endorsed New York Governor Nelson Rockefeller for the Republican presidential nomination.

The St. Louis Post-Dispatch on Tuesday, July 19, called him "The Best Republican."

"He displayed a masterly grip of the foreign and domestic problems confronting this country, an enlightened and liberal approach to them, a spirit of independence and a sense of confidence that would make him both a first-rate candidate and a first-rate president," the Post-Dispatch said.

Last month, the Denver Post commented editorially, "They (Republicans) should be organizing a 'draft' for Gov. Nelson Rockefeller . . . who appears to be the most attractive Republican candidate that could be offered to the people of the United States. .

"Republican precinct committeemen and the party faithful . . . should face the uncomfortable fact that Nixon is not the type to inspire fervid enthusiasm among uncommitted voters who will determine the outcome of the 1960 race."

NEWS FROM

JN2353

1960

#29

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or

HARSHE-ROTMAN, Inc.
108 North State Street
Telephone: Financial 6-6868

July 22, 1960
FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

ILLINOIS DRAFT ROCKEFELLER COMMITTEE 'COFFEE HOUR' FOR ROCKEFELLER SUNDAY NOON

The Illinois Draft Rockefeller Committee has invited supporters, the Republican National Committee, and delegates to a "Coffee Hour" honoring Governor Nelson A. Rockefeller and Mrs. Rockefeller on Sunday at noon in the Sheraton-Blackstone Hotel.

Invitees are the thousands of people who have responded to the call for support and active participation in the movement to place the New York governor's name in nomination.

Willard J. Loarie, of Deerfield and Mrs. Charles R. Lindsay, of St. Charles, are chairman and co-chairman of the Illinois Draft Rockefeller Committee which has set up headquarters at the Blackstone Theater for their big drive.

NEWS FROM

x JK2353

1960 #30

NATIONAL DRAFT ROCKEFELLER COMMITTEE

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HARSHE-ROTMAN, Inc.

108 North State Street

Telephone: Financial 6-6868

July 22, 1960

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

"KITES FOR ROCKEFELLER" TO BE FLOWN
IN GRANT PARK FRIDAY AT 4 P.M.

More than 100 colorful "kites for Rockefeller" will be flown by people of all ages in Grant Park opposite the Conrad Hilton Hotel Friday (July 22) at 4 p.m.

Hundreds of volunteers, supervised by kite hobbyists, worked through the night to assemble the kites and to affix "win with Rockefeller" slogans to them.

The kite-flying effort is part of the "Draft Rockefeller" movement in full swing as the opening of the Republican National Convention nears. Working out of "Rockefeller Center" at the Blackstone Theater are volunteers representing many states, different religious backgrounds and various racial groups.

NEWS FROM

X JK2353

1960 #31

NATIONAL DRAFT ROCKEFELLER COMMITTEE

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108 North State Street
Telephone: Financial 6-6868

July 23, 1960
FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

The following statement was issued today (Saturday, July 23) by William M. Brinton, chairman of the National Draft Rockefeller Committee:

"In regard to the statements made by Senator Goldwater concerning the recommendations for the Republican National Platform, may I first say that I have great respect and honor for the role which Senator Goldwater holds in the Republican Party as an articulate spokesman for the conservative wing. The Senator has been a successful candidate in Arizona, while espousing political philosophies which may not elsewhere in America be quite so popular, but I would suggest that Goldwater's effectiveness as a spokesman will only continue so long as he is elected. If he were ever to adhere to a platform which was not acceptable to the majority of the entire electorate, not only would he be personally defeated but the Republican Party would suffer a severe setback.

"In any election there are two factors which determine one's election or defeat:

1. His political philosophies and platform, and
2. His attractiveness as a candidate

NEWS FROM

JK2353

1960

#32

NATIONAL DRAFT ROCKEFELLER COMMITTEE

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HARSHE-ROTMAN, Inc.
108 North State Street
Telephone: Financial 6-6868

July 23, 1960
FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

William M. Brinton, chairman of the National Draft Rockefeller Committee, has issued the following statement today (Sat., July 23) regarding the Rockefeller-Nixon Republican Platform:

"Now that the complete text of the Rockefeller-Nixon recommendations for the Republican Platform has been made available and can be fully studied, those of us who stand for progress within the party welcome the agreement that has been reached.

"The 'Fourteen Points' are the basic program for which the Governor has long been fighting what appeared to be a solo battle. With the support which the Vice-President brings to Governor Rockefeller's fight, there is little doubt but what the majority of delegates will join in this crusade to make ours the Party of the People.

"Both Governor Rockefeller and the Vice-President face a tough fight when the platform is debated on the convention floor. However, with their combined strength and intelligence in this particular fight, we are certain of victory.

"The Governor has frequently pointed out that these perilous times require vision and courage. The Republican Party is capable of the essential vigor and is proud to provide the leadership needed.

"To the Vice-President, for his courage in facing squarely these vital issues, the Republican Party should say thank you. We would only add, 'Welcome Aboard.'"

NEWS FROM

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1960

#33

NATIONAL DRAFT ROCKEFELLER COMMITTEE

Press Room
Conrad Hilton Hotel--Parlor 24 & 25
Telephone: HArrison 7-4233-4611-4640

or
HARSHE-ROTMAN, Inc.
108 North State Street
Telephone: Financial 6-6868
July 23, 1960
FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

The following statement was issued today (Saturday, June 23) by William M. Brinton, chairman of the National Draft Rockefeller Committee:

"We welcome a joint Rockefeller-Nixon declaration in basic matters touching on national security. By requesting the meeting and agreeing on what are "imperatives of national security in the 1960's", the Vice President has acceded to points made by Nelson A. Rockefeller for many months. If done by the Vice President for the sake of party unity, Republicans should welcome agreement as we do.

"What should be noted, however, is the price the Vice President has paid for party unity. The joint declaration appears to represent a radical departure from previous administration policy as repeatedly announced by the President. Full text is not available but in at least one point the declaration appears to call for reinstatement of the B-70 program deleted by the President, in the budget for 1961. Additionally, a greater emphasis has been placed on civil defense, an area long-neglected by the administration. When the full text has been read, these examples may be multiplied.

"There appears to be no limit to the personal ambition of the Vice President. He has accepted Nelson A. Rockefeller's program and still insists he is the only candidate qualified to carry it out.

★ ROCKEFELLER ROLL CALL ★

Published by the

NATIONAL DRAFT ROCKEFELLER COMMITTEE

ROOM 2500 - CONRAD HILTON HOTEL - 720 S. MICHIGAN

July 25, 1960

X JK2353

1960

#34

**more days
for you
to win
in November**

Nominate ROCKEFELLER Wednesday!

The hue and cry of convenience is to nominate Rockefeller for vice president—just to get his name on the ticket.

Ask almost anyone about the best ticket we can select for November, and the New York Governor's name is mentioned invariably.

The answer comes in a number of ways, but it all adds up to this: "With Rockefeller on the ticket, we can win. Without him, we're in trouble."

How do you feel about it? Is Nelson Rockefeller a vote-getter? Chances are that no matter what your leanings, you'll have to concede there's a certain magic in the Rockefeller name, that with him we'll be strong . . . and that without him we will not be as attractive.

"Sure," say many people. "Let's do it the easy way. We can be loyal to our good friend Dick Nixon and at the same time be practical enough to use Rockefeller to help win in November."

But that just doesn't make sense. It's not realistic. Delegates who have adopted that idea aren't being entirely honest with themselves.

If the name of Nelson Rockefeller makes or breaks our ticket, that name belongs at the top!

Rockefeller as the Republican presidential nominee will mean millions more votes for the national ticket—and for you locally. We all know that it's true: Rockefeller will win for us . . . Nixon can't.

★ ★ ★

The consensus of the nation's press is that the Rockefeller-Nixon agreement on the Party platform is a victory for Gov. Rockefeller's viewpoints. The feeling is that important concessions were made by the Vice President.

Doesn't it make sense to you that the man who prevailed at this top-level discussion—the man whose thinking sets the base on which our party will stand in the coming campaign—is the man we should nominate for the presidency?

Every delegate has a solemn duty to nominate a winner.

Your vote on Wednesday must be for Gov. Nelson Rockefeller.

★ ★ ★

Want to make the Democrats happy?

If your answer is yes, nominate Nixon. The Democrats are convinced (and reliable, unbiased studies prove they're right) that they can beat Nixon in a breeze this November.

How would you be feeling now if the Democrats had nominated Lyndon Johnson for the presidency? You know he'd be an easy man to beat outside the South.

But the Democrats didn't fall into that kind of trap. They were smart and instead nominated the young, popular, and formidable Sen. Kennedy. The point is that they chose the man who would gain the greatest number of votes nationally to head their ticket, and then, as a backstop, they picked Johnson.

They like Harry Truman and they like Eleanor Roosevelt—but good political sense prevailed. Instead of Truman's Symington or Mrs. Roosevelt's Stevenson, they picked a vote-getter.

Can we afford to be less sensible? Can we afford not to use our heads?

Obviously, no. We must select our most attractive candidate, Gov. Nelson Rockefeller.

NEWS FROM

NATIONAL DRAFT ROCKEFELLER COMMITTEE

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July 25, 1960
FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

CHICAGO DEFENDER HAILS ROCKEFELLER'S APPEAL TO INDEPENDENT VOTER

One of the nation's leading Negro newspapers, the Chicago Defender, today (Monday, July 25) hailed Governor Nelson Rockefeller's "intellectual independence and courage to speak without equivocation on the most sensitive political issues of our time."

Referring to the Governor's appeal to the independent voter, the publication said: "The large mass of independent voters, who resent having their hopes and aspirations strangled by deals between the political machines, who are tired of the empty promises and verbiage that substitute for positive action should find much solace in the New York Governor's fresh and vigorous approach to burning public issues."

The complete text of the editorial follows:

"GOV. ROCKEFELLER'S STAND

"At his two public appearances in Chicago last week, Governor Nelson A. Rockefeller has introduced a new dimension in political thought - a gratifying combination of practicality with warm humanism.

JAN 23 1960 #36

STATEMENT BY SENATOR BARRY GOLDWATER, JULY 23, 1960
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

The unprecedented last minute attempt to impose upon the Republican Platform Committee platform provisions from a point one thousand miles away from the convention has caused deep concern on the part of conscientious Republicans attending the convention at Chicago.

If a spokesman for the ultra-liberals is to be permitted to dictate the Republican platform, it seems logical that this same spokesman should become an announced candidate for the Presidency and thus be prepared to assume the responsibility for carrying out the ultra-liberal provisions of his platform.

What are we doing to the men and women of good conscience who have labored on the platform committee in Chicago for more than a full week if we now give in to this pressure and accept cut and dried platform provisions?

I thoroughly approve the Vice President's action in soliciting the thoughtful opinions of all Republicans in connection with the formulation of our platform, but if Governor Rockefeller is to be consulted in a secret meeting, then would it not also be proper for the Vice President to hold similar meetings with all Republican leaders and the thousands of Republican candidates who will be running on this platform?

A great many working Republicans here in Chicago as delegates to this convention are now asking, Did we come to Chicago to nominate a candidate for the Presidency or is our first concern to tailor our entire platform and adjust our historic principles in order to accommodate the conditions laid down by Governor Rockefeller as prerequisite to his becoming a candidate for the Vice Presidency?

I have great confidence in the integrity of the men and women on the platform committee. I am encouraged by statements made to me by members of the platform committee during the noon recess today. Several members of the committee for whom I have the highest regard have assured me the Republican platform committee will write the provisions of the Republican platform and will refuse to accept this last minute pressure tactic.



United States
of America

Congressional Record

PROCEEDINGS AND DEBATES OF THE 86th CONGRESS, SECOND SESSION

Goldwater for President

EXTENSION OF REMARKS OF

HON. W. J. BRYAN DORN

OF SOUTH CAROLINA

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Monday, April 4, 1960

Mr. DORN of South Carolina. Mr. Speaker, the following is the headlines and lead paragraph of The State, Columbia, S.C.:

STATE REPUBLICANS ENDORSE GOLDWATER
U.S. Senator BARRY GOLDWATER, Republican of Arizona, yesterday stampeded the South Carolina Republican Convention here and won support as a presidential candidate.

The tall rangy Arizona chopped into liberals who, he said, wish to wreck the Constitution in order to enforce civil rights.

The following is from National Review of April 9, 1960:

It is generally assumed that conservative sentiment has no organizational or even personal vehicle around which to build, and that continues largely to be true. But the phenomenon of BARRY GOLDWATER may change that.

Last week, the Republican Convention in South Carolina heard Senator GOLDWATER deliver the keynote address. He championed

(1) States rights; (2) decentralization of political and economic power; and (3) a conservative program for the GOP: "The right of center is the only place the Republican Party can stand today if it intends to win in 1960 and subsequent elections." The convention then voted to instruct South Carolina's 13 delegates to vote for GOLDWATER at the Chicago convention until such time as GOLDWATER releases them.

This astonishing fissure in the Nixon monolith within the Republican Party was widely and scandalously unreported in the major metropolitan newspapers.

The following is from Human Events dated Thursday, April 7, 1960:

The press has generally failed either to mention or to comment on the South Carolina action in favor of GOLDWATER for President. This press attitude confirms charges that Human Events has made. Last week, in an article "Enemy Columnists Hope To 'Help' GOP," James L. Wick, executive publisher of Human Events, ironically described how for many years "liberal" commentators and editorialists have sought to persuade Republican candidates that, to win, the latter should turn "liberal."

Today, they write similarly in respect to Nixon. This sort of performance (if Nixon continues to fall for it) might well—as in the case of Dewey and Wilkie—result in a Democratic victory next fall. Such an out-

come, of course, is just what the "liberal" men in the press seek to bring about.

No surprise, therefore, that these left-wing scribbles have almost totally ignored the news from South Carolina, which by any standard should rate as news. Obviously, they give it "the silent treatment" for they fear NIXON may heed the portent. And they continue their game of polishing a "liberal image" of Nixon, so as to defeat him next November. As one observer put it this week, "The same old poisoned breakfast food is on the table every morning in the editorial pages of the paper."

Mr. Speaker, for a generation the American people have been denied a choice in presidential elections. Both parties nominated a liberal-radical, consequently millions upon millions refused to vote. Only 51 percent of our eligible voters went to the polls in 1948. They had no choice. Both candidates and platforms were pledged to more spending, high taxes, and socialism. The same was largely true in 1952 and 1956. This year if either party should nominate a forthright leader like Senator BARRY GOLDWATER or Senator DICK RUSSELL, that party would win. There is growing evidence the people may have a choice in 1960.

FRIDAY, APRIL 15, 1960

#38



'I Could Take You Away From All This!'

Two-Party Competition Would Benefit Georgia

Georgia Republicans will meet in state convention here today and their deliberations will be heard with interest. And thoughtful persons will be looking for further signs of the continuation of renewed vigor which has characterized the party in recent years.

Still largely a one-party state in political affairs, Georgia is far from being singleminded in political thought. We have sincere conservatives and others on the liberal side. For reasons rooted largely in history and in Republican mistakes, most voters have chosen to remain under the Democratic label and to fight their battles within one party.

Admittedly the GOP has had great difficulties to overcome in establishing an identity. But in the past the party has not made much of an effort to do so. During the last decade it slowly has begun to establish this identity and has become a growing force in state politics.

An energetic two-party system would make for a healthier democracy in Georgia. Republicans should work toward positive programs and platforms which the people can understand and accept, thus offering a real choice to the voters themselves. They should continue to move away from the old GOP "clubs" and take the party to the people.

We, therefore, welcome the more than 600 GOP delegates who are meeting here today. We wish them all success in their deliberations and hope from them will come concrete results looking toward further progress in efforts to establish a two-party system.

SOUTHERN ASSOCIATION OF REPUBLICAN STATE CHAIRMEN

Chairman / G HAROLD ALEXANDER 1530 CARSON STREET, FORT MYERS, FLORIDA

1960

H39

SUMMARY OF VOTING RECORD OF GERALD R. FORD, JR.

Agriculture: Has consistently voted against high, rigid price supports and has agreed with President Eisenhower that existing agriculture legislation is outmoded and must be changed in order to alleviate present problems for the farmer, the taxpayer and the consumer.

Education: Has opposed a broad, federal aid to education program but voted for the federal aid to school construction with a "local needs test" plus demonstrated efforts by local authorities to meet problems. Favored Defense Education Act of 1958.

Housing: Has consistently opposed an expanded public housing program and has encouraged privately-financed home building programs under FHA.

Foreign Policy: Has firmly supported the President's foreign policy positions and program and favored extension of reciprocal trade agreements, consistent with a concern for categories of products vital to American industry. Strongly opposed the seating of Communist China in the U.N. and against diplomatic recognition of Red China.

Labor: Has supported the Taft-Hartley Act and the Landrum-Griffin labor reform legislation to protect the individual labor union member and the public alike.

Defense: Has endorsed the recommendations of the Eisenhower Administration providing the U.S. with a strong, alert and mixed-weapon deterrent military force that we have today. Has taken leadership through his ranking minority membership on the Defense Appropriations Subcommittee to preserve the peace and to insure our capability to wage successfully either limited or general war.

Human Rights: Has consistently supported civil rights legislation designed to extend equal protection of the law to all Americans and to bring to an end in an orderly and constructive way the discrimination against any person due to race, religion, color or sex.

Judicial: While fully recognizing the decisions of the Supreme Court as the law of the land, has supported such measures as the Smith "States Rights" Bill, the legislation to clarify interstate taxation of income, the Mallory Case, the Jencks Case and other recent Court decisions.

Taxes and Economic Policy: Has consistently supported President Eisenhower in his fight for fiscal responsibility and a balance budget by vigorously opposing "back-door spending" or other uncontrolled spending policies. Fully recognizes that only with reduced spending can legitimate tax reduction take place.



The Conscience of a Conservative



"I have little interest in streamlining government or making it more efficient for I mean to reduce its size, I do not undertake to promote welfare for I propose to extend freedom. My aim is not to pass laws, but to repeal them. It is not to inaugurate new programs, but to cancel old ones that do violence to the Constitution, or that have failed in their purpose, or that impose on the people unwarranted financial burden. I will not attempt to discover whether legislation is 'needed' before I have first determined whether it is constitutionally permissible. And if I should be later attacked for neglecting my constituents' interests I shall reply that I was informed that their main interest is liberty and that in that cause I am doing the very best I can."

Senator Barry Goldwater

10 REPUBLICAN DELEGATES

Lincoln Centennial Convention

JK2353

1960

#41

Meet Fred Seaton

SECRETARY
OF THE
INTERIOR

Photographed at "Jumbo Jimenez"
Washington, D. C. 4480

Published by Friends of Seaton
Arthur J. Weaver, Ch.

X-JK2353
1960

COPY 1961

#42



*A
Magnificent
Collection of
Campaign
Material*

**THE OFFICIALLY APPROVED CAMPAIGN PICTURES
IN FULL NATURAL, LIFELIKE COLOR**

We are proud to bring to you the officially approved campaign pictures of the President and Vice-President, created in four and six colors. For the first time in campaign history these handsome prints can be obtained in many different forms. All are suitable for campaign display or personal use.

#43

**News
release****REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE**L. Richard Guyley, Public Relations Director • National 8-6800
1625 Eye Street, Northwest • Washington 6, D. C.**CHICAGO CONVENTION HEADQUARTERS**

EXHIBITION HALL, Conrad Hilton Hotel, also International Amphitheatre / Phone: Harrison 7-1960

JK2353
1960**FOR RELEASE**

For IMMEDIATE release

TOP WOMAN ADMINISTRATION OFFICIAL TO ADDRESS CONVENTION

Honorable Bertha S. Adkins, Under Secretary of Health, Education and Welfare, will address the Republican National Convention Tuesday, July 26.

Miss Adkins is the highest-ranking woman in the Eisenhower Administration. Her address immediately preceding that of President Eisenhower will be titled "The Party With a Heart".

Miss Adkins serves on the Advisory Board on Economic Growth and Stability; the Lincoln Sesquicentennial Commission, and the President's Committee on Fund Raising within Federal Service. She is a former Assistant Chairman of the Republican National Committee.

#####



Senator Strom Thurmond

BARRY GOLDWATER

*"would carry the South; and if elected,
he would make a great President"*



Senator Barry Goldwater

#44

"Senator Barry Goldwater possesses all the basic qualities which are so vital in winning and holding the respect and confidence of his fellow-man. He is a man of great intellect, wisdom, judgment, industry, integrity, sincerity and courage.

- ★ "He has opposed the demands of special interest groups when their demands were not in the interest of the public.
- ★ "He has exposed and moved to correct the corrupt practices of big labor bosses in the interest of the working people even in the face of attempts by the labor bosses to retire him from public life.
- ★ "He has fought to preserve personal liberty during this period when conformity appears to be the order of the day.
- ★ "He has defended our great free enterprise system against the rising tide of socialism.
- ★ "He has stood up for the Constitution and the rights of the States as against the usurpation of power and a centralization of government in Washington.
- ★ "He has spoken up against deficit financing and in favor of fiscal sanity and a balanced budget.
- ★ "He has advocated a program of national defense which would insure adequate strength and readiness to cope with the aggressive intentions of any enemy power.
- ★ "He has proposed a bold foreign policy program of strength and wisdom in seeking victory for the free world in our struggle against the dictatorial and godless forces of Communism.

"The Republican Party of South Carolina, as well as his home State party, recently selected this man as their favorite nominee for President. *Knowing the Southern people as I do, it is my opinion that if he should be selected as the nominee of either major political party, he would carry the South; and if elected, he would make a great President.*"

(Remarks by Senator Strom Thurmond, D., S. C., in making presentation of the George Washington Award to Senator Barry M. Goldwater, R., Ariz., at the annual George Washington Dinner of the American Good Government Society, Sheraton Park Hotel, April 30, 1960.)

WHO
IS BEST EQUIPPED
TO LEAD THE GOP?

READ WHAT
THE NEW YORK TIMES
SAYS THEN

DRAFT
ROCKEFELLER!

The Republican Problem

#45

As they open their Presidential nominating convention in Chicago today, the Republicans are confronted by a stronger Democratic ticket than most of them had anticipated. Whatever else may be said about it, the team of Kennedy and Johnson represents a practical politician's dream, for together the two candidates appeal to about as broad a spectrum of the voting public as the Democratic ticket could possibly hope to reach.

While purists and idealists are regularly choked by the thought, this is what national conventions are really for: quadrennially to unite the widely divergent elements of our multifaceted parties under a common banner and (by stretching a plank or two) for a common cause. The pattern has now been faithfully followed for 1960 by both the parties. The Democrats managed to do it by nominating a young New Englander whose strength is in the liberal, labor, industrial, urbanized, North; and with him a somewhat older Texan whose principal political virtue in this instance is that he will almost surely keep the Solid South from melting away.

With Senator Johnson on the ticket, the Republican hope of cracking Texas and a number of border states diminished if it did not altogether disappear. The Republican appeal now has to be made principally outside the South and be designed to cut into the liberal independent strength with which the Democrats have often won the states of the North. Because of the "farm revolt" the Republicans will have to fight harder than ever to regain the Middle West; but because the old isolationist element in the party has all but disappeared from public view they will no longer have about their neck that terrible albatross which used to cost them heavily along the Atlantic seaboard.

The fight in the Republican party is today not so much between isolationists and internationalists as between economic liberals and economic conservatives; and the political realities are such that if the Republicans want to win the coming national election, their platform has to move toward the liberal side.

Vice President Nixon's appreciation of these facts was dramatically illustrated by his sudden conference with Governor Rockefeller and by its results. The statements issued after that conference clearly presaged a more liberal cast to the platform than had seemed likely earlier in the week. Governor Rockefeller's satisfaction and Senator Goldwater's discomfiture only underline the point. The Republican party under the prodding of Mr. Rockefeller and with the endorsement of Mr. Nixon has progressed.

The Friday night conference did something else. It ended the increasingly open fight Mr. Rockefeller had been waging against the forces of which Mr. Nixon was the head, and it emphasized the already great probability that Mr. Nixon would be the Presidential nominee without benefit of Mr. Rockefeller on the ticket.

Yet, as they convene this week to ratify both nominee and platform, the delegates will realize whose leadership it was that forced the readjustment of the G. O. P. position. The delegates as they cast their votes should still be asking themselves some questions. Who really is best equipped to lead the G. O. P. and the nation in the direction to which the party is now committed? Who could best supply the inspiration, the imagination, the depth of understanding needed in this nuclear world? Who—the delegates to the convention will have to decide—could most likely defeat the Democrats? The delegates will choose the nominee, but it is the country that will choose the President. This is still the problem the Republicans are confronted with at Chicago.



BALTIMORE, TUESDAY, MAY 10, 1960

PRIMARY VOTE BUYING IN WEST VIRGINIA IS CHARGED BY HUMPHREY

By HOWARD NORTON
(Sun Staff Correspondent)

Charleston, W.Va., May 9 — Senator Humphrey (D., Minn.) charged today that people working against him in the Presidential primary are buying votes in populous southern West Virginia.

But he wound up three weeks of hard and often bitter campaigning with a prediction that he will win tomorrow's election anyway—probably by a narrow margin.

"I think if we could get 55 percent of the votes it would be extraordinarily good," he said.

Ex-FBI Agent Engaged

Humphrey said that he has definite knowledge of two cases in which whole districts of the city of Huntington have been "bought."

He declared, also, that the Kennedy camp is hiring a small army of election-day "workers" at \$25 each to put on an intensive campaign at the polling places, as the citizens go in to cast their votes tomorrow.

Earlier, a ranking Humphrey aide revealed that a former FBI agent has been engaged by the Minnesota camp to check on reports of vote-buying in the southern counties.

Quietly Organizes Groups

For the last week this man—Ken Vanderzee, of Washington—has been quietly organizing Humphrey supporters into vigilance groups to watch for signs that money has been passed in the effort to defeat their candidate.

The Humphrey people here also say they have word that the Bureau of Internal Revenue has been tipped off to some questionable money transactions in the current primary and plans to launch an investigation after the votes are counted.

They declare that the investigation is being instigated by the Republican party, and that any findings would be used by the GOP to smear the Democrats in the general election.

TV Radio Complaint Made

One of Vanderzee's assignments, this source reports, is to slip the word quietly to certain persons that the Bureau of Internal Revenue is watching, and that they had better not take any questionable money unless they can explain it to the tax man.

The Minnesota Presidential hopeful also complained today about the mass of television and radio time that is being used against him on election eve by his wealthy opponent, Senator Kennedy (D., Mass.).

He said that one TV station

apologetically yesterday to inquire whether Humphrey wanted to buy some time for the last hours of the campaign.

The manager told him, Humphrey said: "I want to be fair—I don't want to sell all the available time to Kennedy."

But Humphrey asserted that it was not until this morning that he was able to raise the \$1,000 he needs to pay for a two-station half-hour television show tonight. He insisted he could do nothing to counter the mass of radio and television "spot" ads being bought by the Kennedys.

Corruption and vote-buying are almost a tradition in West Virginia elections, and nobody here gets very much excited about it.

The leading candidate for governor, Wally Barron, for example, has been publicly accused of offering \$50,000 to his chief opponent, Oral Skeen, to get out of the race.

Skeen has what he says is a tape-recording of the whole transaction, and he has challenged Barron to take a lie-detector test and deny the charges.

Charge Denied

But Barron has blithely denied the charge, refused to take a lie-detector test, filed suit against Skeen—and Barron still looks like a winner.

That's West Virginia politics—the background of the corruption charges made today by Humphrey. The Minnesota Senator, with the seal of victory in his nostrils, was in effervescent spirit as he rushed through a whirlwind final day of campaigning.

He ran completely out of campaign buttons today—but made political hay out of this misfortune by telling scores who asked for them that "so many people want Humphrey buttons, I've given away my whole 150,000."

Humphrey was up at 5 o'clock this morning and was waiting at the gate of the American Viscose plant in nearby Nitro to shake hands with the workers as they arrived at 6 A.M.

At the Monsanto Chemical Company plant, also in Nitro, at 7 A.M. Humphrey performed a political feat of major proportions by calling every arriving worker by his first name even before the worker got a chance to introduce himself.

The secret of this name-calling performance was a quiet little man who stood just behind the candidate, feeding the names to him in a whisper as the workers approached. The grins told that they were pleased and flattered.

Speaking over a local radio station at St. Albans, Humphrey lashed out at Kennedy and the press for overemphasizing the religious issue in this campaign.

"The press and the columnists are being unfair to West Vir-

ginia," he declared. "The people of this State are no more interested than the people of any other State."

Draws Crowd Of 400

"I think Senator Kennedy has talked entirely too much about this, and it hasn't done a bit of good."

Humphrey insisted that the people in the depressed coal field regions are for him not because of his opponents religion, but because they know he can be through hard times, too, and can sympathize with their troubles.

At the Union Carbide works at lunch hour, Humphrey drew an unexpectedly large crowd of more than 400 to the company parking lot to hear an impromptu speech.

The candidate's gay bantering mood caught on, and the workers exchanged wisecracks with him and patted him on the back, telling him he was "going to make it."

"Senator," one of them shouted, "you've got more people out here than the 4 o'clock whistle."

Humphrey put on a half-hour folksy television show late last night, with his wife and two sons. He says he paid the \$700 bill for the show out of his own pocket. Tonight, after a whirlwind tour through Dunbar, South Charleston and Campbells Creek, he made his final appeal for votes over a Charleston television station and then went to bed to catch his first full night's sleep in three weeks.

copy

1961

THE SUN, BALTIMORE, FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 13, 1960

West Virginia County Machines Helped To Swell Vote For Kennedy In Primary

By HOWARD NORTON
(Sun Staff Correspondent)

Charleston, W.Va., May 13.—The professional politicians on the county level—now turn out were an important element in the victory of Senator Kennedy (D., Mass.) in West Virginia's Presidential primary.

It was the pros who appear to have done more to get out the vote for Kennedy than all the last-minute flood of newspaper and radio-television advertising, all the speeches and handshakes and all the alleged whispered instructions from labor and Negro leaders.

It was also the activity of the pros that is credited with doing more to overcome this region's anti-Catholic prejudice than did the attractiveness and obvious intelligence of the candidate himself.

In short, the West Virginia primary may go down in history as the story of how the professional politicians of the counties did it.

Winner Is Unimportant
And here, in brief, is the story. The West Virginia county politicians very frankly do not care much who wins in a Presidential primary.

Their job is to keep their party in office in the county. And they survey the seekers after national office—including Presidential hopefuls—with almost complete detachment.

In fact, the county pros are apt to regard out-of-state Presidential primary invaders chiefly as potential sources of revenue for the county campaign chests.

This is true, particularly, when the party mothers have no special fondness for the Presidential candidates for are entered in the primary, but prefer someone who is not entered.

Three Others Favored
This appears to have been the case in this year's primary: the politicians—and a lot of the people—were for Senator Johnson (D., Texas), Adlai Stevenson and Senator Symington (D., Mo.).

But they had to choose between Senator Humphrey (D., Minn.) and Kennedy.

And for practical purposes, they figured, it did not make much difference which one they voted and worked for, because the winner, under West Virginia Law, cannot demand their convention votes.

But the pros also recognized that both Humphrey and Kennedy were in desperate need of their assistance.

Money Is Needed
It takes money to run an efficient political machine.

You have to hire cars to haul the voters to the polls on election day; you have to pay an army of campaign workers, pay printing

bills, radio bills, advertising bills. . . . The local, county candidate ship in what they can, but it is never enough.

Long tradition in West Virginia has built up a system of filling the county campaign chests by almost openly "soliciting off" the support of the county machine to the highest bidder among the candidates for national office. This is a completely honest procedure. The money does not go into any individual's pocket. It is not graft.

It's put down as a county-level campaign contribution by the candidate for national office.

Contribution Appreciated
And, in appreciation of the contribution, the county machine throws its support to the successful bidder.

Once the bidding is completed, and the party leaders have accepted the highest ones, they print up on little slips of paper the official "state" of candidates when they urge the voters to accept.

The slate, in most cases, starts at the top and runs right down through the lower, local, county president, senator, representative, governor, sheriff, etc.

For purposes of last-minute political bargaining, however, these "slates" generally are kept under wraps until the morning of election day.

Then, when the organization's automobiles go out into the hills and start hauling the voters to the polls, copies of the official "slates" are pressed into the hands of the party faithful.

Only at this point does the average faithful member of the Democratic party in West Virginia suddenly come to know who he is going to vote for when he gets into the primary, but prefer someone who is not entered.

This may explain why the five biggest hardshell fundamentalist, conservative, Protestant counties of West Virginia went so overwhelmingly for a liberal Catholic candidate for the Presidency.

It explains, too, why newspapermen traveling through these counties and talking to the people go such a wrong idea of what they will vote on election day.

The voters of southern West Virginia seemed honestly skeptical of Senator Kennedy and definitely leaned toward Humphrey, as almost all the newsmen reported.

Urging Is Needed

But when these same voters found out—after getting into the cars to go to the polls—that the local party leaders who had helped them through the years to solve personal problems, were now urging them to vote for Kennedy, they did so, in overwhelming numbers.

The custom of "bidding" for the support of the county machines

can be upsetting to the candidates. Senator Humphrey, for example, came right up to election day convinced that he had won the bidding in big McDowell county.

Machine Switches Late
His political scouts informed him that everything was "absolutely safe" there.

But only a matter of hours before the polls opened, word came that the McDowell county machine had switched to Kennedy.

And when the votes were counted, Humphrey's turnout fell in Protestant McDowell county had given Kennedy 13,888 to Humphrey's 1,728—a ratio in Kennedy's favor of better than 8 to 1.

By the same system, Raleigh county, another "safe" Protestant area, gave Kennedy 18,141 votes to Humphrey's 5,343.

Fayette county, where this correspondent saw law-suits at the courthouse refuse to shake hands with Kennedy, gave him a 2-to-1 margin: 18,705 to 5,385 for Humphrey.

Machine Less Disciplined
Mingo and Logan counties, where the party machine is somewhat less disciplined, still managed to deliver the required number of voters: Mingo, 1,988 to Kennedy and 4,154 to Humphrey; and Logan, 1,388 to Kennedy and 4,464 to Humphrey.

Of course, the efficient work of the machines—well oiled with campaign contributions—was not the only factor of significance. The hesitancy of labor to get solidly behind Humphrey hurt him.

The powerful Construction Trades Council of the Charleston area, for example, formally endorsed Humphrey only the day before the election, when it was too late to do him much good.

Conversely, the early and enthusiastic support Humphrey got from the West Virginia council of teamsters—under 7,000 strong—may have hurt him.

His opponent made a lot of the fact that Humphrey was backed by the "corrupt Hoffa machine."

The apparent neutrality of John A. Lewis, high priest of West Virginia's 30,000 coal miners, also was a factor. There were no provable signs that the United Mine Workers Union gave its members any political instructions at all for the primary.

The fact that the average West Virginia voter did not like the choice he had to make, but preferred some other candidate, such as Johnson, Stevenson or Symington, may have weighed against Humphrey.

In a case of this kind, the voter may have taken to heart the advice drummed into him by Kennedy's advertisers—and been

casts—don't waste your vote on a man who isn't going anywhere.

Long after the campaign was under way, Humphrey was still being asked by local voters in his press conferences, and on radio panel shows, whether he was really a "serious" candidate for the presidency, or a "haired man" for someone else.

Kennedy Attractive
Kennedy's personal attractiveness—especially to the women—probably was a factor, too. He always went over big with the younger people.

In fact, in Protestant southern West Virginia, where he seemed to have trouble galloping a crowd of white to back him, Kennedy spoke almost exclusively in high school auditoriums to audiences of school children. They loved him. There were no major differences between the two men on the so-called "issues."

Both of them were for Federal economic aid to West Virginia, more free food for the jobless, more Federal contracts for West Virginia's factories and research to find new uses of coal to revive the State's dying coal industry.

So the "issues" certainly were not responsible for any appreciable swing in the voting.

Three Delegates Expected

Senator Kennedy, the overwhelming winner in the election, probably will not get more than three of West Virginia's delegates to the Democratic National Convention in Los Angeles, according to local politicians who usually know.

Senator Johnson, who made only one appearance in the State, on the Saturday before the election, and who is not even a declared candidate for West Virginia, is virtually certain to get 18 of the 25 delegates on the first ballot.

Stevenson, who says he plans to drop out of running for the Presidency again, is going to get as many West Virginia delegates as Johnson.

And even Symington, who has not been anywhere near the State, is due to get one delegate vote. Since Humphrey, however, campaigned as tirelessly for so many weeks, "we" got any at all.

X-JK 2353
1960

H47

Copy 3
1001

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

Herbert G. Klein
Press Secretary to the Vice President
Sheraton Blackstone Hotel
Chicago, Illinois

#48

THE VICE PRESIDENT AND MRS. NIXON'S MORNING SCHEDULE

Wednesday, July 27, 1960

8:00 AM	Depart for the Drake Hotel to attend California Delegation Breakfast - Mrs. Nixon will accompany the Vice President
8:20 AM	Arrive Drake Hotel to Attend California Delegation Breakfast in the Bowl Room
9:10 AM	Depart Drake Hotel
9:30 AM	New York Delegation, Tallyho Room, Sheraton Towers
10:00 AM	Delegations - Alabama, Florida, Louisiana, Puerto - Rico, Virgin Islands - Blackstone Hotel - Ballroom
10:30 AM	Delegations -- Hawaii, Idaho, Nevada, Utah Washington, Mayfair Room - Blackstone
11:00 AM	Delegations -- Maine, New Hampshire, New Jersey, Vermont -- Ballroom - Blackstone
11:30 AM	Senators Hruska, Hickenlooper, Mundt, Young of North Dakota, Dworshak, Carlson, Schoeppel, Allott, Bennett, Bridges, Dirksen, Saltonstall - Congressmen Halleck, Arends, Byrnes - The Vice President's Suite
11:35 AM	Mrs. Nixon will depart the Blackstone for the Hilton Hotel to attend the Great Lady Luncheon -- Grand Ballroom

NOTE: The Vice President's afternoon and evening schedule will be
released later today.

1960

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

#49

Herbert G. Klein
Press Secretary to the Vice President
Blackstone Hotel
Chicago, Illinois
Wednesday, July 27, 1960

LIST OF SECONDRS

The following are four names of those seconding the Vice President's nomination. There will be eight people seconding the nomination and the additional four names will be announced later today.

Senator Thomas Kuchel of California

Governor Christopher Del Sesto of Rhode Island

Senator Jacob Javits of New York

Mrs. Jewell Rogers of Illinois

XJK2353
1960
#50

FOR RELEASE AT 9:00 P.M., CHICAGO TIME, JULY 26, 1960

James C. Hagerty, Press Secretary to the President

THE WHITE HOUSE

TEXT OF THE ADDRESS BY
PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AT
THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL
CONVENTION, HELD IN
CHICAGO, TUESDAY EVENING,
JULY 26, 1960

Members of this Convention ... my fellow citizens:

From my heart, I thank you for the warmth of your greeting.

The enthusiasm I find throughout this Convention evidences your support of the domestic and international leadership that has been provided by Republicans during the past seven and one-half years.

It means to me that, under sound Republican direction, you want, first of all, to stimulate -- never weaken -- the sturdy self-reliance and self-confidence of the American citizen, and sustain his equality before the law;

That you believe moral law to be the sure foundation of every constructive human action;

That you want to continue to foster a strong, expanding economy;

That you are determined to continue the maintenance of a national security position second to none;

And that your deepest hope is that each of us may do his or her part in furthering the age-old dream of mankind -- a universal peace with justice.

I have come before you in this assembly to testify to my great pride in the America of today; and my confidence in the brightness of her future. I glory in her moral, economic and military strength, in the ideals that she upholds before the world, and in her readiness to assist the less fortunate of the earth to obtain and enjoy the blessings of freedom.

To this convention I bring no words of despair or doubt about my country -- no doleful prediction of disaster.

In this election campaign of 1960, I pray that Republicans will always remember the greatness of our nation and will talk only the truth about her -- because in spreading the truth we are not only being true to our national ideals but we are planting the fertile seeds of political victory.

more

1960

#51

NEWS FROM

NATIONAL DRAFT ROCKEFELLER COMMITTEE

Press Room
Conrad Hilton Hotel--Parlor 24 & 25
Telephone: HArrison 7-4233-4611-4640

or

HARSHE-ROTMAN, Inc.
108 North State Street
Telephone: Financial 6-6868

11:00 a.m., Wed., July 20, 1960
FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

STATEMENT BY WILLIAM M. BRINTON, CHAIRMAN OF THE NATIONAL DRAFT ROCKEFELLER COMMITTEE, PRESS CONFERENCE, WEDNESDAY, JULY 20

Before answering specific questions regarding the Draft Rockefeller Program, I thought you would be interested in a few words of background on our activities. Statewide Draft Rockefeller Committees are now operating in 21 states. As you know, our program was kicked-off on July 7 and 8, with $\frac{1}{2}$ page ads in newspapers across the country. To date the response is almost phenomenal, according to our advertising council.

Our interest lies not only in drafting Rockefeller for the Republican Nomination, but in showing to the delegates to this convention that he represents the only hope to the Republican Party. Our interest began two years ago, arising out of the staggering defeat sustained by the Republicans throughout the country, while Governor Rockefeller represented the only bright spot on the political horizon. He won a landslide victory. We are absolutely convinced that the majority of Republicans in America are looking to their delegates to nominate a winner at the head of our National ticket.

The success of hundreds of state and local contests involving Republicans depends upon the strength of that National ticket. We

NEWS FROM

JK2353

1960

#52

NATIONAL DRAFT ROCKEFELLER COMMITTEE

Press Room
Conrad Hilton Hotel--Parlor 24 & 25 or
Telephone: HArrison 7-4233-4611-4640

HARSHE-ROTMAN, Inc.
108 North State Street
Telephone: Financial 6-6868

July 21, 1960

MEMO TO PRESS:

On the Tabulations of Data reporting the results of the survey by Political Analysis Associates, as released by the National Draft Rockefeller Committee, the name "Thomas Mitchell" appears on pages 2, 4, 6, 8, and 10 in a list of Republican vice-presidential candidates. The correct name is James P. Mitchell.

NEWS FROM

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1960 #53

NATIONAL DRAFT ROCKEFELLER COMMITTEE

Press Room
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Telephone: HArrison 7-4233-4611-4640

HARSHE-ROTMAN, Inc.
108 North State Street
Telephone: Financial 6-6868

July 23, 1960
FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

The following statement was issued today (Saturday, July 23) by William M. Brinton, chairman of the National Draft Rockefeller Committee:

"In regard to the statements made by Senator Goldwater concerning the recommendations for the Republican National Platform, may I first say that I have great respect and honor for the role which Senator Goldwater holds in the Republican Party as an articulate spokesman for the conservative wing. The Senator has been a successful candidate in Arizona, while espousing political philosophies which may not elsewhere in America be quite so popular, but I would suggest that Goldwater's effectiveness as a spokesman will only continue so long as he is elected. If he were ever to adhere to a platform which was not acceptable to the majority of the entire electorate, not only would he be personally defeated but the Republican Party would suffer a severe setback.

"In any election there are two factors which determine one's election or defeat:

1. His political philosophies and platform, and
2. His attractiveness as a candidate

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

REG. U. S. PAT. OFF.

X JK2353

1960

TUESDAY, JULY 19, 1960

#154

The Best Republican

Gov. Nelson Rockefeller of New York is the best man the Republican party could nominate for President, and ought to be drafted. We have leaned toward that opinion ever since Governor Rockefeller started touring the country last fall to sound out the possibilities of his acceptance as the Republican nominee, and it was confirmed by his remarkable performance at his press conference in Chicago Monday.

He displayed a masterly grasp of the foreign and domestic problems confronting this country, an enlightened and liberal approach to them, a spirit of independence and a sense of confidence that would make him both a first-rate candidate and a first-rate president.

Yet, by all the signs Governor Rockefeller is not going to be drafted for the Republican nomination any more than Adlai Stevenson, who was incomparably the Democrats' best man, was drafted by that party. There is something here for the American people to think about. How does it happen that, at an hour of supreme crisis for our position in the world, both parties are evidently set on rejecting their best-qualified nominees in favor of men who have the support of the party leaders for other reasons than their presidential qualifications?

Governor Rockefeller seems to have no illusions about the possibility of a draft, yet he is holding the door open. He revealed that members of his staff are in contact with the managers of the draft movement and indicated he would encourage the movement if it seems to be genuine—by which he means, likely to win. But, as he said, the possibility of this is extremely remote.

The reason is that Governor Rockefeller has already in effect been rejected by Republican leaders all over the country. He laid his case before them last fall, and they unmistakably declared their preference for Vice President Nixon. It would take a massive change of minds now, arising from a fear that the Kennedy-Johnson ticket could be beaten in no other way, for the party leaders to switch.

Americans of both parties can only deplore the fact that the situation appears to be frozen. Governor Rockefeller Monday made strong and persuasive statements on three basic issues—the Latin American crisis, civil rights, and medical care for the aged—in which he seemed to be far ahead of the Administration both in vision and in practical proposals.

In renewing his advocacy of a hemisphere foreign ministers' conference to draft a Marshall Plan looking toward ultimate economic unity, he was applying real statesmanship to Latin American problems. In urging an endorsement of the sit-in demonstrations and a vigorous civil rights program, he was taking the strongest position both morally and politically. In backing the Social Security method of financing medical care for the aged, he was applying the most humane and at the same time the fiscally soundest principles to a major domestic problem. We would not expect to agree with him on every question, but we believe his general approach to the big issues, and his insistence that Mr. Nixon should debate them, have been right.

Yet Governor Rockefeller is not going to be drafted. The miracle did not happen at Los Angeles and it is even less likely to happen at Chicago. The Republican platform makers may appease his point of view to some extent, but a platform is no substitute for a candidate. As for polishing up the ticket by drafting the Governor for the Vice Presidential nomination, he has cut himself off from that as far as any man could, and we believe he is justified. It would be a breach of faith with those Republicans who share his views if he let himself be used in this way. Unfortunately not enough Republicans, apparently, agree with his views to create a strong draft for the presidential nomination. But perhaps they will agree some day, and meanwhile Governor Rockefeller can be of more value as governor of New York than as election bait for voters repelled by Mr. Nixon.

Governor Rockefeller ought to be drafted, and evidently won't be. Governor Stevenson should have been drafted, and wasn't. What will history say of this turn in American affairs at a time when our country faced what may be its severest world challenge?

From: Press Bureau (Bill Sullivan)
International Amphitheatre
Yards 7 - 5580, Ext. 300

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1960

#55

Immediate Release

Republican party chiefs, state delegations, and other political dignitaries will make the Stock Yard Inn, adjacent to the International Amphitheatre, a gathering point during the GOP convention opening here on next Monday, July 25.

Suites and rooms reserved by party leaders have been redecorated and refurbished in advance of the arrival of the delegates. These include the presidential suite to be occupied by President and Mrs. Dwight D. Eisenhower and Vice President Richard M. Nixon when they make their convention appearances.

The Nixon staff and the state delegations of Iowa and Rhode Island are among those reserving suites for the convention duration. Among others reserving suites and rooms at the Inn are Congressman Charles A. Halleck of Indiana, permanent chairman of the convention; Gov. Nelson A. Rockefeller of New York whose name is expected to be placed in nomination for the presidency; U. S. Senator Everett M. Dirksen of Illinois; Mrs. C. Wayland Brooks, Chicago, member of the Republican National Committee; State Senator Arthur Bidwell of Chicago; Congressman Harold R. Cellier, (10th District) Illinois, and Secretary of State Charles S. Carpenter.

A special elevator recently was installed for the convenience of those occupying the Inn's presidential suite. The Inn structure, regarded as one of the finest examples of Tudor architecture in America, has been a favorite gathering point for political leaders during the previous conventions held in the International Amphitheatre - the Republican and Democratic gatherings in 1952 and the Democratic convention in 1956.

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REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE

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FOR RELEASE

IMMEDIATE
JULY 23, 1960

Lee Baron, 27, of Atlantic City, N. J., an American singer of Spanish songs, has been added to the program of the Republican National Convention's opening session by George Murphy, program coordinator.

Baron, son of Mrs. Cass, 817 Atlantic Avenue, Atlantic City, entered the University of Madrid in April 1959, to study Spanish in preparation for a language teaching career in the United States. While a student there he entered a Spain-wide singing contest conducted by the writers of "Canto a Norte America," Salvador Guerrero, lyricist, and Carlos Castellano, musician. The American won first place and was promptly called the American "Singing Ambassador." "Canto a Norte America" is a good-will composition designed to be musical propaganda for the United States in Latin America.

Baron was born in Salem, N. J., went to elementary school in Vineland, N. J., and high school in Atlantic City. He entered Wright Junior College in Chicago and transferred subsequently to the University of Madrid.

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1960

FROM: Pepsi-Cola Company
at
The Republican National Convention
Hotel Sheraton-Blackstone
Chicago, Illinois

Pepsi-Cola Company
500 Park Avenue
New York City

Murray Hill 8-4500

#57

CONTACT: Bob Windt
Sheraton Blackstone Hotel

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE:

FREE PEPSI-COLAS AT REPUBLICAN CONVENTION

CHICAGO, ILL-- More than 120,000 refreshing soft drinks will be distributed free by Pepsi-Cola Company to delegates, candidates and their staffs, press and convention visitors at the 1960 Republican National Convention here in Chicago, it was announced today.

Pepsi-Cola Company dispensed an equal number of free soft drinks at the recently concluded Democratic National Convention in Los Angeles.

Free distribution in key areas in Chicago will begin July 21 during convention preliminaries and will continue to the scheduled conclusion of the sessions.

The 240,000 free soft drinks dispensed at the two conventions will top the total of free Pepsi's that the company had previously distributed at both the 1952 and 1956 conventions.

Chicago Original Site of Convention Free Soft Drink Distribution

The setting up of Pepsi's Chicago Convention operations marks a return to the city where Pepsi-Cola Company inaugurated this facet of convention activity in 1952, when both parties met in the Midway City.

-more-

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FOR RELEASE

MONDAY PMs
JULY 25, 1960

EXCERPTS FROM THE REMARKS OF SENATOR THRUSTON B. MORTON OF KENTUCKY,
CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE, FORMALLY OPENING THE
TWENTY-SEVENTH REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION, IN CHICAGO, MONDAY,
JULY 25.

Delegates to this convention, ladies and gentlemen. It is my privilege, and my responsibility, to greet you officially on behalf of the Republican National Committee, as we open the twenty-seventh Republican National Convention in this great city of Chicago.

We are here to write a Republican Platform, and to nominate the Republican Party candidates who will be elected President and Vice President in 1960. I bid you hearty welcome, and Godspeed in your work

As Chairman of the Republican National Committee, I take a deep satisfaction in the knowledge that we intend to adopt a realistic, honest platform that we can and will fulfill--a sincere, intelligent platform to build a better America.

It is doubly satisfying to be confident--as I am confident--that our convention will nominate candidates who would never think of apologizing, or expressing regret on behalf of the United States, to Soviet Russia's Nikita Khrushchev.

It is comforting to know--as I do know--that the candidates we nominate will never find it necessary to apologize to anybody for any action taken by the American government; for any policies we see fit to adopt.

We intend at this convention, to talk a great deal about America; about her needs for today, and about the Republican Party's hopes and practical plans for the American future. We won't always agree on all points, on all candidates, among ourselves. Republicans are not like rubber stamps in the hands of political bosses. There are no deals setting up the Republican presidential ticket--first man and second--for 1960.

Republican delegates will speak and vote, as their judgment and conscience dictate individually; on the platform; on the nomination

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1960

FOR RELEASE

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE
JULY 25, 1960

Mrs. Clare B. Williams, Assistant Chairman of the Republican National Committee, announced today that the following nonpartisan women's organizations will be represented at the Republican National Convention.

NATIONAL COUNCIL OF NEGRO WOMEN

Mrs. Robert C. Wallace, 5120 South Parkway, Chicago, Illinois
Mrs. Mame Mason Higgins, 5120 South Parkway, Chicago, Illinois

LEAGUE OF WOMEN VOTERS OF THE UNITED STATES

Mrs. Robert J. Phillips, Hotel Baker, St. Charles, Illinois

UNITED CHURCH WOMEN OF AMERICA

Mrs. Charles MacDonald, 2736 Hartzell Street, Evanston, Illinois

NATIONAL COUNCIL OF JEWISH WOMEN

Mrs. Leonard Weiner, One W. 47th St., New York, New York

BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONAL WOMEN

Mrs. Grace Daniels, President

GENERAL FEDERATION OF WOMEN'S CLUBS

Mrs. E. Lee Osborn, President

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF UNIVERSITY WOMEN

Mrs. Leon M. Lamet, Warsaw, Illinois
Mrs. George Bailey, 350 S. Belmont, Arlington Heights, Illinois
Miss Helen G. Todd, Berwyn, Illinois

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FOR RELEASE

FOR RELEASE: P.M.'s Wednesday
July 13, 1960

RECORD NUMBER OF WOMEN HOLD TOP CONVENTION JOBS, SAYS GOP ASSISTANT
CHAIRMAN

When the Republican National Convention convenes in Chicago on July 25, a record number of women will hold key spots in the official lineup.

"The Republican Party has awarded to women no less than seven top-ranking 1960 Convention positions. This is an all-time high for either political party," Mrs. Clare B. Williams, Assistant Chairman of the Republican National Committee, said today.

"Women are making a massive political contribution of their time, effort, and special skills," Mrs. Williams said. "These appointments recognize the high value the Republican Party places upon our women's abilities."

Mrs. Williams listed the 1960 women Convention officials as follows:

A "first" for women: Honorable Consuelo Northrop Bailey, Republican National Committeewoman for Vermont, and former Lieutenant Governor of that State, served as Chairman of the Committee on Call.

A "first" for women: Miss Josephine Good of Denver, Colorado, is Executive Director of the Convention.

Rep. Katherine St. George of New York is Convention Parliamentarian. She held the same post at the 1956 Republican Convention in San Francisco.

Mrs. Elizabeth E. Heffelfinger, Republican National Committeewoman for Minnesota, is Secretary of the Convention.

Mrs. Kathryn K. Meloney, Republican National Committeewoman for Wyoming, is Convention Treasurer.

Two women now are completing almost a year of steady activity as Chairmen of Convention planning subcommittees. They are: Mrs. Webster B. Todd, Republican National Committeewoman for New Jersey, Chairman of the Subcommittee on Program.

Mrs. Neal Tourtellotte, Republican National Committeewoman

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#61

FOR RELEASE

MONDAY PMs
JULY 25, 1960

REMARKS BY JOHN C. CORNELIUS, PRESIDENT
THE AMERICAN HERITAGE FOUNDATION
REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION

Mr. Chairman, Fellow-Americans:

I am honored to participate in this great convention, particularly because I am surrounded by so many politicians. As Elihu Root so well put it, "Politics is the art of self-government. The principal reproach against any American should be that he is not a politician."

Today as never before, it is vital that more of us become politicians--that we strengthen representative government by taking an active part in the political party of our choice.

Though I represent the nonpartisan American Heritage Foundation, I hope that more and more Americans become intelligently partisan, that they join the party that best expresses their views, that they support the party of their choice, not only at the polls but by contributing to it a share of their time, talents and dollars.

Political campaign costs have skyrocketed. One hundred years ago the cost of Abraham Lincoln's Presidential campaign came to \$100,000. This year more than 800,000 officials will be elected to all levels of government...and the campaign expenses for all these elections will total about \$200,000,000. Surprisingly, only three of every one hundred Americans have ever made a political contribution. Yet this year we Americans will bet three billion dollars on horses. Isn't it about time each of us bought a ticket on people... the important people we will select to run our country in these critical times? If good citizens won't contribute to politics, bad citizens will. Remember, at the summit gangster conference in Appalachin, N. Y., four years ago, a major item on the agenda was

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CHICAGO CONVENTION HEADQUARTERS

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FOR RELEASE

At Will
July 1960

A GOP CONVENTION FEATURE...NO. 4

CONVENTION TICKETS SCARCE 100 YEARS AGO, TOO

Public clamor to witness Republican National Conventions has been so keen through the years that the scarcity of admission tickets constitutes a century-old problem.

Fortunately now, television is available to carry the entire proceedings of this year's 27th Republican National Convention, opening in Chicago on July 25, to an estimated 45 million homes.

But back in 1860, when Abraham Lincoln was nominated for President, there were no electronic facilities to record the historic event for folks back home. Only those persons who could cram into Chicago's frame Wigwam were able to witness the nomination of the first Republican President in history.

Republican National Committee archives reveal that the demand for admission to that early convention hall was so determined that ingenuity and chicanery were resorted to by the public and delegates alike.

The Wigwam had three 20-foot doors and when they were opened on signal, three packed masses of men drove into the hall to grab front positions. The standing room area, which had space for 4,500 persons, was jammed in five minutes. The galleries were available only to "gentlemen accompanied by ladies." This put a premium on woman escorts to pilot determined men to the restricted area. School girls were recruited at 25 cents each to accompany men inside the Wigwam. There is one recorded instance of a young girl refusing a half-dollar fee because, as she explained, she already had escorted two men through each of the three doors and was afraid of arrest if recognized on a seventh escort trip.

The printed proceedings of the Lincoln nominating convention include numerous references to "confusion" over usurpation of delegates' seats by outsiders. But the record makes it clear also that the delegate victims of the invasion were parties to their own inconvenience by sneaking their tickets to outsiders jammed around the windows.

The gate-crashing apparently reached a climax early in the third day's

session, May 18. Excitement mounted when the convention president, George Ashmun

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FOR RELEASE

MONDAY PMs
JULY 25, 1960

SPEECH BY LANNY D. UNRUH, 17 YEAR OLD NEWTON, KANSAS YOUTH ADDRESSING THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION AT 11:45 A.M. JULY 25, IN CHICAGO, LANNY IS SAID TO BE THE YOUNGEST PERSON TO FORMALLY ADDRESS SUCH A POLITICAL GATHERING.

Mr. Chairman, delegates to the Republican Convention, ladies and gentlemen:

My first words of gratitude this morning for this high honor of appearing before this convention must be expressed to The American Legion. I want to speak for myself and the high school youth of the nation in commending this organization for its contribution to us through its Americanism program.

All of us here this morning share alike in our debt of gratitude for our American heritage. We are here in this great hall with our minds focused on the processes of government, because the thirst for freedom and self-government could not be quenched in the breasts of men--men who had the courage to cross a stormy Atlantic to escape the oppression of tyrannical rulers.

At Valley Forge in the winter of 1777 a weary soldier asked George Washington, "What is this thing we are fighting for--this thing called Liberty?" The father of our country answered, "It may be only a dream, and never come to pass, but I believe that men can rule themselves."

Would that it were possible for that weary soldier at Valley Forge to look in on us this morning, I am sure that he would say, "General, your dream came true. Men can rule themselves."

The growth of a struggling Republic of thirteen Seaboard States to a world power has been recorded in history as phenomenal. As we assumed our role of world leadership, we felt ourselves unchallenged. As a people, we were prone to think of ourselves as the "untouchables." But today, when democracy after democracy is being overthrown, we realize that our country is far from secure. Hence the vital question that must be considered by every American citizen

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Republican National Committee
Women's Division
1625 Eye Street, N.W.
Washington 6, D. C.

July 1960

BIOGRAPHICAL INFORMATION

MRS. IKE S. KAMFMANN, JR., NEW NATIONAL COMMITTEEWOMAN, TEXAS, AND
SECRETARY TO THE EXECUTIVE SECRETARY, PLATFORM COMMITTEE.

ADDRESS: 315 Westover Road, San Antonio, Texas

BORN: Waco, Texas

EDUCATION: Shipley School, Bryn Mawr, Pennsylvania, 1942;
Sweet Briar College, Sweet Briar, Virginia, A.B.
1946

MARRIED: November 1, 1947

CHILDREN: Ike III, 4; and Megan Cameron, 2

PROFESSIONAL
CAREER: President, Kamko Foundation, a Texas Corporation,
since 1952 and Director of William Cameron & Co.,
a Texas Corporation, 1951-1954.

POLITICAL
ACTIVITIES: Vice Chairman, Republican State Executive Committee;
Member, State Headquarters Committee; Delegate,
Republican State Convention 1948; Fund Raising 1952
and 1956 Presidential Campaigns; Co-Campaign Manager,
Texas Special U.S. Senate Election 1957; Member,
Republican Committee on Program and Progress 1959.

CIVIC
ACTIVITIES: Member, Junior League of San Antonio; Board Member,
Bexar County Legal Aid Association; Former Chairman,
President's Committee, Trinity University; and Board
Member, Episcopal Diocesan Center.

ORGANIZATIONS: Member, Executive Board, Sweet Briar Alumnae Association,
Sweet Briar College; Member, National Council of the
Metropolitan Opera; and Member, Colonial Dames of America.

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#65

Resolution Concerning Selection of Doorkeepers

RESOLVED that Doorkeepers be appointed on the basis of one for each 10 delegates or major fraction thereof from each State or Territory having representation at the Convention; such appointments to be made by the Chairman or Vice Chairman of the Committee on Arrangements upon the recommendation of the member of the National Committee serving on the Committee on Arrangements.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Chairman and Vice Chairman of the Committee on Arrangements be, and hereby are, authorized to appoint such additional Doorkeepers as may be necessary for the orderly conduct of the Convention.

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that each Doorkeeper who shall have actually performed the service required of him during the course of the Convention shall be paid the sum of \$150.00 at the conclusion of said Convention by the Committee on Arrangements.

Adopted by the
Committee on Arrangements
Meeting in Chicago, Illinois
December 10, 1959

News
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REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE

L. Richard Gaylor, Public Relations Director • National 8-6800
1625 Eye Street, Northwest • Washington 6, D. C.

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CHICAGO CONVENTION HEADQUARTERS

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JUL 23 1960

FOR RELEASE

IMMEDIATE
July 21, 1960

OFFICIAL PROGRAM 27TH REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION

Monday, July 25, 1960

First Day, First Session

10:00 AM Entertainment -- Wendell Corey, Gene Archer
Presentation of Colors -- American Legion, First National Bank Post, Chicago
Pledge of Allegiance -- Bill Fribley, Speaker Kansas Legislature, President D. A. V.
Star Spangled Banner -- Gene Archer
10:30 AM Chairman Morton is introduced by MC and starts meeting
Invocation -- Most Rev. Raymond P. Hillinger, Chicago
Young Republicans and flags leave the Hall
Introduction of Honorable Edward Derwinski -- member of Congress -- 4th Congressional District of Illinois, who introduced Mayor Richard Daley of Chicago
Mayor Daley -- Welcome
Chairman Morton introduces Marguerite Stitt Church
Church gives greetings from Cook County
Chairman Morton introduces Mary Brooks, Chairman Chicago Citizens Committee
Mary Brooks introduces Governor Stratton
Governor Stratton gives greetings from Illinois
Chairman Morton welcome speech
Master of Ceremonies introduces Governor Mecham of New Mexico to present Pueblo Governors who hold Canes of Authority from Abraham Lincoln
Chairman Morton introduces Secretary of Convention, Mrs. Elizabeth E. Heffelfinger and asks her to read the Call for the Convention
Chairman Morton recognizes Delegate who moves the Call not be read in full
Chairman Morton asks for Temporary Roll Call, which is read by Mrs. Heffelfinger
Chairman Morton announces National Committee nomination for Temporary Chairman
Chairman Morton appoints Committee to escort Temporary Chairman

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1960

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REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTIONS

1856-1960

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<i>Place and Date</i>	<i>National Chairman</i>	<i>Temporary Chairman</i>	<i>Permanent Chairman</i>	<i>Presidential Nominee</i>	<i>Vice-Presidential Nominee</i>
Philadelphia June 17-19	Edwin D. Morgan New York	Robert Emmett New York	Henry S. Lane Indiana	John C. Fremont 2nd Ballot	William L. Dayton 1st Ballot
Chicago May 16-18	Edwin D. Morgan New York	David Wilmot Pennsylvania	George Ashmun Massachusetts	Abraham Lincoln 3rd Ballot	Hannibal Hamlin 2nd Ballot
Baltimore June 7-8	Edwin D. Morgan New York	R. J. Breckenridge Kentucky	William Denman Ohio	Abraham Lincoln 1st Ballot	Andrew Johnson 1st Ballot
Chicago May 20-21	Marcus L. Ward New Jersey	Carl Schurz Missouri	Joseph R. Hawley Connecticut	U. S. Grant 1st Ballot	Schuyler Colfax 6th Ballot
Philadelphia June 5-6	William Claflin Massachusetts	Morton McMichael Pennsylvania	Thomas Settle North Carolina	U. S. Grant 1st Ballot	Henry Wilson 1st Ballot
Cincinnati June 14-16	Edwin D. Morgan New York	Theo. M. Pomeroy New York	Edward McPherson Pennsylvania	Rutherford B. Hayes 7th Ballot	Wm. A. Wheeler 1st Ballot
Chicago June 2-8	J. Donald Cameron Pennsylvania	George F. Hoar Massachusetts	George F. Hoar Massachusetts	James A. Garfield 36th Ballot	Chester A. Arthur 1st Ballot
Chicago June 3-6	Dwight M. Sabin Minnesota	John R. Lynch Mississippi	John B. Henderson Missouri	James G. Blaine 4th Ballot	John A. Logan 1st Ballot
Chicago June 19-25	B. F. Jones Pennsylvania	John M. Thurston Nebraska	M. M. Estee California	Benjamin Harrison 8th Ballot	Levi P. Morton 1st Ballot
Minneapolis June 7-10	James S. Clarkson Iowa	J. Sloat Fassett New York	William McKinley Ohio	Benjamin Harrison 1st Ballot	Whitelaw Reid 1st Ballot
St. Louis June 16-18	Thomas H. Carter Montana	Chas. W. Fairbanks Indiana	John M. Thurston Nebraska	William McKinley 1st Ballot	Garrett Hobart 1st Ballot
Philadelphia June 19-21	Mark A. Hanna Ohio	Edward O. Wolcott Colorado	Henry Cabot Lodge Massachusetts	William McKinley 1st Ballot	Theodore Roosevelt 1st Ballot
Chicago June 21-23	Henry C. Payne Wisconsin	Elihu Root New York	Joseph C. Cannon Illinois	Theodore Roosevelt 1st Ballot	Chas. W. Fairbanks 1st Ballot
Chicago June 16-19	Harry S. New Indiana	Julius C. Burrows Michigan	Henry Cabot Lodge Massachusetts	William H. Taft 1st Ballot	James S. Sherman 1st Ballot
Chicago June 18-22	Victor Rosewater Nebraska	Elihu Root New York	Elihu Root New York	William H. Taft 1st Ballot	Nicholas M. Butler 1st Ballot
Chicago June 7-10	Charles D. Hilles New York	Warren C. Harding Ohio	Warren C. Harding Ohio	Charles E. Hughes 3rd Ballot	Chas. W. Fairbanks 1st Ballot
Chicago June 8-12	Will H. Hays Indiana	Henry Cabot Lodge Massachusetts	Henry Cabot Lodge Massachusetts	Warren C. Harding 10th Ballot	Calvin Coolidge 1st Ballot
Cleveland June 10-12	John T. Adams Iowa	Theodore E. Burton Ohio	Frank W. Mondell Wyoming	Calvin Coolidge 1st Ballot	Charles C. Dawes 3rd Ballot
Kansas City June 12-15	William M. Butler Massachusetts	Simeon D. Fess Ohio	George H. Moses New Hampshire	Herbert Hoover 1st Ballot	Charles Curtis 1st Ballot
Chicago June 14-16	Simeon D. Fess Ohio	L. J. Dickinson Iowa	Bertrand H. Snell New York	Herbert Hoover 1st Ballot	Charles Curtis 1st Ballot
Cleveland June 9-12	Henry P. Fletcher Rhode Island	Frederick Steiwer Oregon	Bertrand H. Snell New York	Alfred M. Landon 1st Ballot	Frank Knox 1st Ballot
Philadelphia June 24-28	John D. M. Hamilton Iowa	Harold E. Stassen Minnesota	Joseph W. Martin, Jr. Massachusetts	Wendell Wilkie 6th Ballot	Charles L. McNary 1st Ballot
Chicago June 26-28	Harrison E. Spangler Iowa	Earl Warren California	Joseph W. Martin, Jr. Massachusetts	Thomas E. Dewey 1st Ballot	John Bricker 1st Ballot
Philadelphia June 21-25	Carroll Reece Tennessee	Dwight H. Green Illinois	Joseph W. Martin, Jr. Massachusetts	Thomas E. Dewey 3rd Ballot	Earl Warren Acclamation
Chicago July 7-11	Guy C. Gabrielson New Jersey	Walter S. Hallanan West Virginia	Joseph W. Martin, Jr. Massachusetts	Dwight D. Eisenhower 1st Ballot	Richard M. Nixon Acclamation
San Francisco August 20	Leonard W. Hall New York	William F. Knowland California	Joseph W. Martin, Jr. Massachusetts	Dwight D. Eisenhower 1st Ballot	Richard M. Nixon 1st Ballot
Chicago July 25	Thurston B. Morton Kentucky	Cecil H. Underwood West Virginia	Charles A. Halleck Indiana		

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTIONS

JK2353

1856-1960

1960

	<i>Place and Date</i>	<i>National Chairman</i>	<i>Temporary Chairman</i>	<i>Permanent Chairman</i>	<i>Presidential Nominee</i>	<i>Vice-Presidential Nominee</i>
1856	Philadelphia June 17-19	Edwin D. Morgan New York	Robert Emmett New York	Henry S. Lane Indiana	John C. Fremont 2nd Ballot	William L. Dayton 1st Ballot
1860	Chicago May 16-18	Edwin D. Morgan New York	David Wilmot Pennsylvania	George Ashmun Massachusetts	Abraham Lincoln 3rd Ballot	Hannibal Hamlin 2nd Ballot
1864	Baltimore June 7-8	Edwin D. Morgan New York	R. J. Breckenridge Kentucky	William Denman Ohio	Abraham Lincoln 1st Ballot	Andrew Johnson 1st Ballot
1868	Chicago May 20-21	Marcus L. Ward New Jersey	Carl Schurz Missouri	Joseph R. Hawley Connecticut	U. S. Grant 1st Ballot	Schuyler Colfax 6th Ballot
1872	Philadelphia June 5-6	William Claflin Massachusetts	Morton McMichael Pennsylvania	Thomas Settle North Carolina	U. S. Grant 1st Ballot	Henry Wilson 1st Ballot
1876	Cincinnati June 14-16	Edwin D. Morgan New York	Theo. M. Pomeroy New York	Edward McPherson Pennsylvania	Rutherford B. Hayes 7th Ballot	Wm. A. Wheeler 1st Ballot
1880	Chicago June 2-8	J. Donald Cameron Pennsylvania	George F. Hoar Massachusetts	George F. Hoar Massachusetts	James A. Garfield 36th Ballot	Chester A. Arthur 1st Ballot
1884	Chicago June 3-6	Dwight M. Sabin Minnesota	John R. Lynch Mississippi	John B. Henderson Missouri	James G. Blaine 4th Ballot	John A. Logan 1st Ballot
1888	Chicago June 19-25	B. F. Jones Pennsylvania	John M. Thurston Nebraska	M. M. Estee California	Benjamin Harrison 8th Ballot	Levi P. Morton 1st Ballot
1892	Minneapolis June 7-10	James S. Clarkson Iowa	J. Sloat Fassett New York	William McKinley Ohio	Benjamin Harrison 1st Ballot	Whitelaw Reid 1st Ballot
1896	St. Louis June 16-18	Thomas H. Carter Montana	Chas. W. Fairbanks Indiana	John M. Thurston Nebraska	William McKinley 1st Ballot	Garrett Hobart 1st Ballot
1900	Philadelphia June 19-21	Mark A. Hanna Ohio	Edward O. Wolcott Colorado	Henry Cabot Lodge Massachusetts	William McKinley 1st Ballot	Theodore Roosevelt 1st Ballot
1904	Chicago June 21-23	Henry C. Payne Wisconsin	Elihu Root New York	Joseph G. Cannon Illinois	Theodore Roosevelt 1st Ballot	Chas. W. Fairbanks 1st Ballot
1908	Chicago June 16-19	Harry S. New Indiana	Julius C. Burrows Michigan	Henry Cabot Lodge Massachusetts	William H. Taft 1st Ballot	James S. Sherman 1st Ballot
1912	Chicago June 18-22	Victor Rosewater Nebraska	Elihu Root New York	Elihu Root New York	William H. Taft 1st Ballot	Nicholas M. Butler 1st Ballot
1916	Chicago June 7-10	Charles D. Hilles New York	Warren G. Harding Ohio	Warren G. Harding Ohio	Charles E. Hughes 3rd Ballot	Chas. W. Fairbanks 1st Ballot
1920	Chicago June 8-12	Will H. Hays Indiana	Henry Cabot Lodge Massachusetts	Henry Cabot Lodge Massachusetts	Warren G. Harding 10th Ballot	Calvin Coolidge 1st Ballot
1924	Cleveland June 10-12	John T. Adams Iowa	Theodore E. Burton Ohio	Frank W. Mondell Wyoming	Calvin Coolidge 1st Ballot	Charles G. Dawes 3rd Ballot
1928	Kansas City June 12-15	William M. Butler Massachusetts	Simeon D. Fess Ohio	George H. Moses New Hampshire	Herbert Hoover 1st Ballot	Charles Curtis 1st Ballot
1932	Chicago June 14-16	Simeon D. Fess Ohio	L. J. Dickinson Iowa	Bertrand H. Snell New York	Herbert Hoover 1st Ballot	Charles Curtis 1st Ballot
1936	Cleveland June 9-12	Henry P. Fletcher Rhode Island	Frederick Steiwer Oregon	Bertrand H. Snell New York	Alfred M. Landon 1st Ballot	Frank Knox 1st Ballot
1940	Philadelphia June 24-28	John D. M. Hamilton Iowa	Harold E. Stassen Minnesota	Joseph W. Martin, Jr. Massachusetts	Wendell Willkie 6th Ballot	Charles L. McNary 1st Ballot
1944	Chicago June 26-28	Harrison E. Spangler Iowa	Earl Warren California	Joseph W. Martin, Jr. Massachusetts	Thomas E. Dewey 1st Ballot	John Bricker 1st Ballot
1948	Philadelphia June 21-25	Carroll Reece Tennessee	Dwight H. Green Illinois	Joseph W. Martin, Jr. Massachusetts	Thomas E. Dewey 3rd Ballot	Earl Warren Acclamation
1952	Chicago July 7-11	Guy C. Gabrielson New Jersey	Walter S. Hallanan West Virginia	Joseph W. Martin, Jr. Massachusetts	Dwight D. Eisenhower 1st Ballot	Richard M. Nixon Acclamation
1956	San Francisco August 20-	Leonard W. Hall New York	William F. Knowland California	Joseph W. Martin, Jr. Massachusetts	Dwight D. Eisenhower 1st Ballot	Richard M. Nixon 1st Ballot
1960	Chicago July 25	Thurston B. Morton Kentucky	Cecil H. Underwood West Virginia	Charles A. Halleck Indiana		

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REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE

L. Richard Gulyay, Public Relations Director • National 8-6800
1625 Eye Street, Northwest • Washington 6, D. C.

CHICAGO CONVENTION HEADQUARTERS

EXHIBITION HALL, Conrad Hilton Hotel, also International Amphitheatre

Phone: Harrison 7-1960

JN2353

1960

FOR RELEASE

6:00 PM CDT SUNDAY
July 24, 1960

Charles H. Percy, Chairman of the 1960 Republican Platform Committee, today released three additional planks of the 1960 Republican Platform, as approved by the 103-member platform committee.

The full platform will be submitted to the convention for its approval on Wednesday, July 27.

The three planks are Labor, Natural Resources, and Science and Technology. Released earlier were the planks on Agriculture, Economic Growth and Business, Government Administration, Government Finance and National Defense.

NATURAL RESOURCES

Rep. Melvin R. Laird, Subcommittee Chairman

A strong and growing economy requires vigorous and persistent attention to wise conservation and sound development of all our resources. Teamwork between federal, state and private entities is essential and should be continued. It has resulted in sustained conservation and resource development programs on a scale unmatched in our history.

The past seven years of Republican leadership have seen the development of more power capacity, flood control, irrigation, fish and wildlife projects, recreational facilities, and associated multi-purpose benefits than during any previous administration in history. The proof is visible in the forests and waters of the land and in Republican initiation of and support for the Upper Watershed Program and the Small Reclamation Projects Act. It is clear, also, in the results of continuing administration-encouraged forest management practices which have brought, for the first time, a favorable balance between the growth and cutting of America's trees.

Our objective is for further growth, greater strength, and increased utilization in each great area of resource use and development.

We pledge:

--Use of the community watershed as the basic natural unit through which water resource, soil, and forest management programs may best be developed, with interstate compacts encouraged to handle regional aspects without federal domination.

News
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REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE

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1960

FOR RELEASE

TUESDAY, AMs
July 26, 1960

Charles H. Percy, Chairman of the 1960 Republican Platform Committee, today released two more planks in the 1960 Republican platform -- Human Needs and Immigration. The planks were approved by the 103-member platform Committee.

The platform will be submitted to the Convention for its approval on Wednesday, July 27.

IMMIGRATION

Immigration has historically been a great factor in the growth of the United States, not only in numbers but in the enrichment of ideas that immigrants have brought with them. This Republican Administration has given refuge to more than 32,000 victims of Communist tyranny from Hungary, ended needless delay in processing applications for naturalization, and has urged other enlightened legislation to liberalize existing restrictions.

Immigration has been reduced to the point where it does not provide the stimulus to growth that it should, nor are we fulfilling our obligation as a haven for the oppressed. Republican conscience and Republican policy require that:

1. The annual number of immigrants we accept be at least doubled.
2. Obsolete immigration laws be amended by abandoning the outdated 1920 census data as a base and substituting the 1960 census.
3. The guidelines of our immigration policy be based upon judgment of the individual merit of each applicant for admission and citizenship.

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#71
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1960
FOR RELEASE

July 26, 1960

Women's Division
"Politics Sunny Side Up" Breakfast
Republican National Convention
Hotel Morrison, Chicago, July 26, 1960

REMARKS OF MRS. ROBERT C. BONNELL, REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEEWOMAN FOR MARYLAND

"TAXES"

Taxes, the cost of liberty ...taxes, the price of freedom....taxes, the villain of our pocketbooks. The question of taxes is one of the most important we face as we enter the campaign of 1960.

Our opposition would have you believe that the Republican Party favors high taxes, a backward economic philosophy, and that we couldn't care less about the private citizen.

This is a falsehood and the record of the Eisenhower-Nixon Administration proves it. We have balanced the federal budget four times compared to three times in the previous twenty years under the Democrats (and two of those years were under the Republican 80th Congress). We have accrued a \$1.1 billion surplus in the past year alone ~~and we anticipate a \$1.2 billion surplus for the current year.~~ These surplus funds have been especially earmarked for reduction of the national debt.

Among Democrats, of course, that would be unheard of. Surplus money --they maintain -- burns a hole in the public pocket. Spend it, they say. It doesn't matter how or what it's for -- so long as you spend it immediately.

The Republican Party in 1954 gave the nation the largest tax cut in its history. Since that year you and I and all of us have saved forty billions of dollars in taxes. Among other things, that 1954 tax cut provided:

Larger deductions for medical expenses.

Deduction for child care expenses for working mothers and widows.

Dependency exemption even though a child's earnings exceed \$600.

Elimination of the requirement that a taxpayer's dependent live in his home.

-more

ROBERT L. McMANUS, PRESS SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNOR

STATE OF NEW YORK
EXECUTIVE CHAMBER
ALBANY

EXCERPTS OF REMARKS BY GOVERNOR NELSON A. ROCKEFELLER
PREPARED FOR DELIVERY AT PRE-CONVENTION RALLY
SPONSORED BY NATIONAL ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT
OF COLORED PEOPLE, LIBERTY BAPTIST CHURCH, 4849 SOUTH
PARKWAY SOUTH, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, SUNDAY, JULY 24, 1960

I am delighted to join with you this afternoon in discussing matters of deep concern to all Americans in this year of political decision.

I am honored to do so under the auspices of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People. For more than half a century, the dedicated men and women of the NAACP have worked to help all Americans realize the full promise of democracy. For more than half a century, they have striven to give fuller meaning to the spiritual heritage on which this nation was founded -- a heritage proclaiming the supreme worth of each individual human being.

In that half a century, significant human progress has been made -- not alone for the American Negro, but for all Americans who have known in the past the senseless scorn of prejudice, the inexcusable injustice of discrimination. You know and every thinking American knows that in seeking to secure the rights of Negro citizens, you have helped to win equality of opportunity for all -- to strengthen the rights of all citizens. For you have brought home the fact that justice is not and cannot be divisible.

As an American who deeply loves his country, as an American who deeply believes in the bright promise that America holds out to all men everywhere in the world, I thank Him who rules our hearts that we can say with assurance -- and at long last -- that segregation is on its way out in this nation, that all other forms of racial discrimination are on their way out.

We meet here in the centennial year of Abraham Lincoln's rise to national leadership, we meet on the eve of the national convention of Lincoln's political party, and we meet at a crucial testing time in American history. The challenge to America at such a moment in the affairs of man is to provide a whole new quality of leadership for the cause of freedom -- leadership of incandescent courage, of unassailable integrity, of far-ranging vision and of profound spiritual depth. Only such leadership can triumph over the grave perils freedom faces, only such leadership assures realization of humanity's great chance -- and probably its last chance -- for a secure and better life for all men.

Men look for peace and there is no real peace in sight -- only the threat of nuclear destruction and the aggressive thrust of communist imperialism that has already reached within ninety miles of our shoreline in Cuba. Yet never has mankind so yearned to lift from its shoulders the burdens of arms and of fear, of hatred and of ignorance, of poverty and disease. And never has the opportunity to do this been greater -- to seize initiative in a fast-changing world, to mold technological advance into blessings for mankind, to capture the hearts and minds of newly emerging peoples and to lead them into freedom's sunlight.

It is the moral strength of America -- not just her missiles nor her money -- that will count most in rallying the free world to her banners. If a passion for justice rules a nation's internal affairs, then the world may look to her with confidence that she will be just in her dealings with other lands.

(more)



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#173
NEWS RELEASE
YOUNG REPUBLICAN
NATIONAL FEDERATION

CHICAGO CONVENTION HEADQUARTERS:

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1960

RELEASE SUNDAY PAPERS
July 24, 1960

OVER 75 DELEGATES AND ALTERNATES
TO GOP CONVENTION ARE YRS

CHICAGO Perhaps the most convincing demonstration of faith by the Republican Party in its Young Republicans is the presence of more than 75 delegates and alternates at the 1960 Convention here.

These young men and women represent more than 35 states with California leading the way with two delegates and five alternates who are 36 or younger.

The youngest one of all is Bruce Phillippi, 22, an alternate from Stayton, Ore.

In addition to pace-setting California, Montana, North Dakota, Ohio, and West Virginia have at least three delegates and two alternates apiece.

Many of these YRs serve their state and party at the senior party level. Arch A. Moore Jr., an alternate from West Virginia, is a Congressman from that state's First district.

John M. Ashbrook, alternate, is a congressional candidate for the 17th District, Ohio. Richard G. Kleindienst of Arizona; Edwin H.

Address by
HERBERT HOOVER
Republican National Convention
Chicago

Monday evening, July 25, 1960

Note: For release upon delivery 7:00 p.m. Chicago Daylight Time

- (8:00 p. m. Eastern Daylight Time
- 7:00 p. m. Eastern Standard Time)
- (7:00 p. m. Central Daylight Time
- 6:00 p. m. Central Standard Time)
- (6:00 p. m. Mountain Daylight Time
- 5:00 p. m. Mountain Standard Time)
- (5:00 p. m. Pacific Daylight Time
- 4:00 p. m. Pacific Standard Time)

My good friends:

I had not expected to speak at this Convention. In each of your last three Conventions I had you an affectionate good-bye. Apparently, my good-byes did not take. And I have been bombarded with requests to do it again for the fourth time. Unless some miracle comes to me from the Good Lord this is finally it.

It would be unworthy of this gathering if I came here merely to receive your expression of good will.

When I was a boy, under group pressure I was sent regularly to attend the Sabbath day Quaker meetings. They were mostly sessions of silence. There was little a boy could do about that silence but count his toes. However, occasionally the spirit moved Aunt Hannah to rise amid the silence and say she was "going to speak her mind." She dealt with moral delinquency. She always urged the benefits of right living.

Aunt Hannah loved America. Come Fourth of July she sat on the platform at the village crossroads, where every year the countryside gathered with reverence to hear the reading of the Declaration of Independence. On these occasions she even tolerated the presence of the only Democrat in our village.

Aunt Hannah, in her way, was "speaking her mind" on the forces and ideas which shape our national destiny.

I do not need tell you that today our country is faced with the gravest dangers from overseas in all of our history.

I will not comment tonight on these great dangers and the ugly statements which pour upon us further than to urge that unity of our people on our foreign front is imperative to the preservation of freedom at home and abroad.

And we are confronted with many difficult domestic political, economic and social issues, which

affect all of our lives. But as I look back over my long years of concern with our national problems, I have come to believe that moral forces and certain forces embedded in the soul of America are more important than all of our other issues—for they lay at the base of their solution.

Tonight I will discuss but this one issue. And I hope it will be believed that I speak not alone to this Convention but to all my countrymen. But do not be alarmed. I can speak my mind upon it in ten minutes.

Today America is in the midst of a frightening moral slump. During the 14 years following the end of the Second World War, our statistics show that major crimes in most of the years have increased three times as fast as the population.

During this same period since the end of the war, our cities have become increasingly infested with teenage gangs of criminal talents. In a recent year 740,000 of these youngsters were arrested by the police.

Beyond the terrifying warnings of statistics, we can hardly believe that integrity and moral steadfastness are increasing when we witness the constant erosion of state and municipal corruption. We daily read blazoned headlines in the press exposing corrupt practices in some nation-wide services and the fraudulent practices of some distributors of our daily necessities.

All wars, by their violence and disregard for individual rights, bring an aftermath of decline in morals.

Our courts have been hobbled in the use of punishment as a deterrent to crime by procedures of which one example is sufficient. In a recent year there were over 1,700,000 larcenies known to the F.B.I., yet there were only 170,000 convictions—that is, only one in ten.

But some part of this decline in morals is an infection from Communist Russia.

I do not need remind you that the doctrines of Karl Marx and of the Communists are a destroyer of all morals. They declare there is no God. They stigmatize religious faith as an "opiate of the people." Lenin himself declared that their foreign policies must be based on "dodges, tricks, and untruths."

And during the 14 years since the war, Communist conspiracies and their "fronts" have poured their Marxist poisons into our people.

We have also been brainwashed with another Communist basic tenet. They insist that love of country, pride of a people in their history, their ideals, and their accomplishments is wicked nationalism. Ever since the war, the Communist "fronts," and the beatniks, and the egg-heads have conducted a national chorus of denunciation of this wicked nationalism.

Manifestly our religious organizations and our agencies for character-building in our youth are gagged devoted service to halt this slump in morals. These agencies have need for every assistance. And there is a latent force in American life which could be a vital help.

This nation needs a rebirth of a great spiritual force which has been impaired by cynicism and weakened by foreign infections. Call it nationalism if you will. But there is an American kind of nationalism which is neither isolationism nor aggression and embedded deep within it is a compassion for distress both at home and overseas. It is a kind of nationalism which recognizes changes in the world and requires that we meet them with forward-looking measures.

The spiritual force of which I speak is enshrined in the word *America*. We do not use that word merely as a geographical term. At one time—and even now, for millions of Americans—that word summons to mind the whole background of our nation.

This word *America* recalls that millions of people for over 300 years have sought our shores as a refuge from oppression. To these millions the word *America* came to mean a civilization unique on earth by the fusion of the attainments of scores of nations. For centuries the word *America* among the great masses of people over the world has been an emblem of hope, of more security in life—and more freedom. The word *America* brings back to our minds the great men and women, who won for us our independence and then created a government unique among nations.

The word *America* means that our wars were not fought for the glory of war but for freedom in the world. It means a country where the doors of opportunity are open to every boy and girl. It means law and order, freedom of choice and calling. It means glorious strides in the advancement of civilization.

The word *America* envisions the still of freedom from storms from our mountains and plains pouring into a mighty river which refreshes not only our own people but the whole of mankind.

Today, we alone among the nations have a multitude of citizens who have sunk to a posture of perpetual apology and seeming shame for ourselves.

Yet today the fire of nationalism in its higher sense are burning brightly in almost every nation on earth. We have witnessed the spirit of nationalism give birth to the independence of a dozen nations in the last ten years. Within the last five years we have seen its great revival of France.

I do not pretend that a rebirth of that spirit which lies within the word *America* will cure all our ills.

But with it, we might have a revision of some of our school books.

The re-echo of the word *America* might resuscitate conscience away from crime and back to manhood.

It might, by its recall of the rights and ideals of our people, tend to curb excessive demands of pressure groups.

It might stimulate anew the initiative and enterprise of tens of thousands of our youth who from fear of the future seek refuge in the bureaucracies of industry and government.

Because I lament the evils and dangers which beset us, I would not have you believe that our nation is in its decline and fall. The American people have rallied many times in our history to meet more greater tasks. They can be rallied again.

You are convened here not alone to nominate a President and a Vice President, but to declare anew the principles and ideals which must guide our nation.

Yours is the task to stop the moral retreat; to lead the attack and to recapture the meaning of the word—*America*. Thus can opportunity, and the spiritual future of your children be assured. And thus you will win the gratitude of posterity, and the blessing of Almighty God.



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NEWS RELEASE
YOUNG REPUBLICAN
NATIONAL FEDERATION

CHICAGO CONVENTION HEADQUARTERS:

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RELEASE AT WILL
Monday, July 25th, 1960

JK2353

1960

#175

CONVENTION PROGRAM SOLD BY YOUNG REPUBLICANS

CHICAGO . . . 8,000 official programs for the 1960 Republican National Convention are being sold by the Young Republicans here.

The 176-page booklet includes features on the 100th anniversary of Lincoln's nomination, party officials, key Republican policies and events.

Booklet sales are under the direction of Charles Strickland, 1357 Michele, Palatine, and Vernon Fish, 2970 N. Lakeshore Dr., Chicago, of the Young Republican Program Committee.

The booklet is being sold by program committee members for \$2.00 in the lobbies of the Bismark, Conrad Hilton, Croydon, Drake, Congress, Executive House, Morrison, Palmer House, LaSalle, Sheraton-Blackstone, Sheraton Towers and the Sherman Hotels.

The booklet was published and edited by Standard Public Relations, Inc., of New York City.

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1960

#76

IMMEDIATE RELEASE
Monday, July 25, 1960

FOREIGN STUDENTS GUESTS OF YRS

CHICAGO.... a delegation of six foreign students from around the world will be the guests of Young Republicans during the Republican Convention here.

The six guests are Mario Celis, Mexico, Yi-chun Chang, Republic of China, Alexander Illen, Argentina, Jeffrey Dench, United Kingdom, Alan Murray, United Kingdom, and Joseph Huan, Viet-Nam.

The students will meet in the Conrad Hilton Hotel today, July 25, for registration. They will then proceed to the TV Lounge of the International Amphitheatre where they will be greeted by Jim Harff of Chicago, chief of the tour guides, and Kathy Huff of Washington, D.C., who will act as interpreter.

After a light dinner, the six students will be seated at 7 P.M. in the Rotating Seat Section and be photographed with Congressional candidates.

The six students will receive tickets for the remaining sessions in the Rotating Seat Section to come and go as they please.

-End-



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JUN 25 1960

#77

For Immediate Release

CLOSED-CIRCUIT TV LOUNGE
OPENED BY YOUNG REPUBLICANS
FOR AMPHITHEATRE VISITORS

CHICAGO...A Young Republican TV Lounge with closed-circuit television for those who like their political conventions neat without commentary or commercials is certain to be one of the more popular features with accredited visitors to the International Amphitheatre during the 1960 Republican Convention.

Decorated in blue and gold, the lounge will have a large centered screen and will seat 1,000, according to William Cousins, 6716 St. Lawrence, Chicago, co-chairman with Joseph Sheen, 526 S. Eighth Ave., Chicago, of the Young Republican group in charge of the YR lounge and the unique Rotating Seat Section nearby.

Cousins said that other features of the YR TV Lounge include: a public address system, a fixed soft drink refreshment bar, a portable soft drink refreshment bar and an information booth.

Manning the TV Lounge, will be the chairmen behind a desk equipped with telephone lines to convention headquarters in the Loop and to the convention floor, and a staff of eight ushers and four attendants at the Rotating Seat Section ticket desk, all of whom are Young Republican volunteers.

The Lounge will also serve as an oasis for Young Republican accredited visitors who are awaiting their turn in the Rotating Seat Section in the gallery. This seating section, first used at the 1956 Republican Convention in San Francisco, is designed to provide seats for accredited guests who can move on call from the YR Lounge.

-End-



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#78

Release Monday PM's
July 25, 1960

YOUNG REPUBLICANS JOIN IN IKE WELCOME

CHICAGO....Young Republicans will greet President Eisenhower Tuesday (July 26) when his plane touches down at O'Hare airport at about 11 a.m.

"Well Done Ike" signs will circle the landing field as the President and Mrs. Eisenhower receive an official welcome from the city of Chicago.

After a short reception by Mayor Daley, Governor Stratton and Senator Dirksen of Illinois, Ike will receive a unique "21--Person Salute", a group of Chicago Citizens representing all walks of life, accompanied by the Governor and Senator Dirksen, President and Mrs. Eisenhower will fly by helicopter to Meigs Field on the Lake Front.

After official protocol has been completed at the Lake Front, festivities will begin with signs, songs, and musical groups, plus an appearance by the Highland Lassies, a Scottish-clad Young Republican group of pretty girls.

Ike and Mamie will then ride together in an open car which will arrive shortly after noon at the Sheraton-Blackstone where the Presidential Suite has been readied.

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1960

#79

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE
Monday, July 25, 1960

OVER ³⁵⁰⁰~~3000~~ YRS AT GOP CONVENTION

CHICAGO...Over ³⁵⁰⁰~~3000~~ Young Republicans from across the country have registered for the 1960 Republican Convention here.

This is the largest number of Young Republicans ever assembled in the history of the political youth movement.

The figures were released by Charmaine Mohr, 160 N. LaSalle, and Leone Richards, 11211 S. Park Ave., both of Chicago, chairman and co-chairman of the YR Committee on registration and housing.

Approximately 1/3 of the young politicians are from out of town with the remainder members of Illinois and Cook County Republicans, the latter being the largest YR club in the country.

-End-



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Release Tuesday AHS
July 26, 1960

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1960

#80

"ACCENT ON YOUTH" THROUGH TEEN AGE REPUBLICAN CLUBS

Chicago....Teenage interest in politics is at an all - time high - and Young Republicans are keeping it there.

The trend is being bolstered through the Teen Age Republican Clubs (TARS), according to Mrs. Judy (David G.) Fernald, co-chairman of the Young Republican National Federation.

Since the TARS were born in 1956, active clubs have been established in New York, New Jersey, Maryland, North Carolina, Michigan, California, Oregon, Utah, Minnesota and Wisconsin. These clubs have received assistance from many local women's clubs who recognize the importance of acquainting their own youngsters with the importance of knowing politics.

Each TAR club is run by the teens under the guidance of a senior advisor from a local Young Republican club. The meetings are short and packed with informative political material, followed by refreshments. Each TAR member is encouraged to participate in some sort of job within the group. Periodically, special field trips to local legislative bodies are arranged to acquaint the TARS with their government in action.

At the convention here the biggest evidence of TAR activity will be the arrival of 500 TARS on Wednesday, July 27th. This group has been sponsored by the State of Kansas Senior Republican organization and will take part in the floor rallies that evening.

Two local TARS who have been here, there and everywhere at Convention headquarters are Joan Ferry, 637 S. Bristol Ave., and Sandra Borgen, 538 S. Pine Ave., both of Arlington Hts., Ill.

Anyone interested in obtaining further information regarding the TARS may contact Joyce Pedersen, Young Republican National Committeewoman, at 180 E. Delaware St. Chicago, Ill.

YOUNG
AMERICA

goes

GOP/

NEWS RELEASE
YOUNG REPUBLICAN
NATIONAL FEDERATION

CHICAGO CONVENTION HEADQUARTERS:

EXHIBITION HALL, Conrad Hilton Hotel
also International Amphitheatre

Phone: HARRISON 7-1960

IMMEDIATE RELEASE
Saturday July 23, 1960

JK2353
1960

#18

YR HALL OF FAME OPENED

BY CHAIRMAN THRUSTON MORTON

CHICAGO...The 1960 Young Republican Hall of Fame was officially opened today (Saturday, July 23) by National Chairman Thruston Morton in the Grand Ballroom of the Conrad Hilton Hotel here.

The YR Hall of Fame honors 30 men and women who have actively participated in Young Republican clubs across the country or who have risen to political prominence at an early age. None is older than 37.

The list includes one governor, Cecil Underwood of West Virginia, and eight congressmen - Joe Holt of California, Edward J. Derwinski of Chicago, Robert H. Michel of Peoria, Illinois, Robert P. Griffin of Michigan, Albert Howard Quie of Minnesota, Charles Goodell of New York, Richard Poff of Virginia and Arch Alfred Moore Jr., of West Virginia.

Also in the 1960 YR Hall of Fame are seven senior state chairmen and 14 government and political figures from Washington D.C.

Also honored at the dedication ceremonies in the Hilton on Saturday July 23, were nearly sixty "alumni" of previous YR Halls of Fame, including Vice President Richard Nixon, former New York Governor Thomas Dewey, United States Senator Gordon Allott of Colorado, and many others.

The YR Hall of Fame will be moved from the Hilton Hotel to the TV Lounge in the International Amphitheatre on Sunday where it will remain on display during the Convention.

Name, age, and present position of members of the 1960 YR Hall of Fame follow:

George W. Abbott, 37, solicitor of the Department of Interior;

Mrs. Carol Renner Arth, 37, co-ordinator of women's activities for the Nixon campaign committee;

George Becker, 34, Deputy Assistant Secretary of Commerce;

Robert A. Bicks, 33, Acting Assistant Attorney General in the Justice Department;

William E. Cobb, 37, chairman of the North Carolina Republican Executive Committee;

Edward J. Derwinski, 34, Congressman from Illinois;

News
release



1182
REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE

L. Richard Guylay, Public Relations Director • National 8-4800
1625 Eye Street, Northwest • Washington 6, D. C.

CHICAGO CONVENTION HEADQUARTERS

EXHIBITION HALL, Conrad Hilton Hotel, also International Amphitheatre / Phone: Harrison 7-1940

1960
FOR RELEASE

NEW REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEEWOMEN

GEORGIA : MRS. W. CAPERS RICE, new Republican National Committeewoman from Georgia, is also serving as an alternate to the Convention. A native of Georgia she received a Bachelor of Science degree from the Georgia State College for Women.

Her political activities include charter membership in the Georgia Chapter of the National Federation of Republican Women, Vice Chairman of the First District where she serves on the Resolutions Committee, and delegate to State Conventions.

Other activities include the Heart Association, Community Council, and the Library Board. She was a teacher in the Georgia High Schools prior to her marriage. The Rices' have four children and reside at 101 Sixth Street in Vidalia.

Mrs. Rice succeeds Mrs. J. Marvin Elliott as Georgia Republican National Committeewoman.

IDAHO: MRS. STEELE BARNETT, new Republican National Committeewoman from Idaho, has also served her Party as Precinct Committeewoman, State Committeewoman and area chairman for the "Recruit for '60" program.

She is also active in the United Fund, PTA, and in Episcopal Church work. She has three children.

Mrs. Barnett, who resides at 6806 Fairfield, Boise, attended Stanford University and the University of Tulsa.

She succeeds Mrs. Gertrude Detweiler of Hazelton, Idaho.

MINNESOTA: The new Republican National Committeewoman from Minnesota is MRS. KJESSELL T. LUND of 4814 Lakeview Drive, Minneapolis.

Previous political activities include the State Presidency of the Republican Workshop; Chairwoman of the Neighbor-to-Neighbor Finance Drive in 1957; State Republican Chairwoman 1953-54; delegate to the National Convention in 1956. She has also served as State Chairwoman for several successful campaigns.

She holds membership in Defense Advisory Committee on Women in the Services, AAUW, Committee of Responsible Government; Minnesota Mental Health Association Board; and is Vice President of the Minnesota Women's Safety Council.

She is a graduate of St. Olaf College in North Field and had a career as a teacher.

She has one son.

Mrs. Lund succeeds Mrs. Elizabeth E. Hoffeltinger of Mayzata.

-more-

News
release



REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE

L. Richard Gulyay, Public Relations Director • National 8-4800
1625 Eye Street, Northwest • Washington 6, D. C.

CHICAGO CONVENTION HEADQUARTERS

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1960

FOR RELEASE

TUESDAY AMS
JULY 26, 1960

REMARKS OF MRS. CLARE B. WILLIAMS, ASSISTANT CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE, BEFORE THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION, CHICAGO, JULY 25, 1960

Fellow Republicans,

I speak not only to the Republicans assembled here, but to the millions of men and women of all political persuasions who want only what is good and best for America.

Early this month the Democrats, wandering starry-eyed through Disneyland, made the error of estimating the mental age of voting Americans as somewhere around twelve years. They outdid Christmas by producing not one, but two Santa Clauses, both totting sacks of glittering but empty platform pledges.

Of course the two Santas did not mention that their fellow Democrats in Congress had voted in recent months to kill several proposals identical to the shining pledges which now grace their platform.

I venture the hope, on this opening night of our Republican Convention, that we may address the American people as mature men and women, to whose needs our Party has been always warmly and realistically responsive -- Americans who today enjoy the benefits and security resulting from eight years of Republican good government.

As Assistant Chairman of the Republican Party, I am privileged to speak for thousands of women who give their loyalty to the great principles of Abraham Lincoln. We are proud of the recognition the Republican Party traditionally has accorded us. We applaud the way in which the Republican Party capitalizes on its womanpower.

Eleven of the top positions of this convention are held by women. One-fourth of the delegates and alternates in this convention -- an all-time high for any party -- are women. And I might add that every woman who casts a ballot in this Republican Convention has a full vote. She is not a second-class citizen with a fraction of a vote, a position to which delegates were downgraded in Los Angeles.

Next month marks the fortieth anniversary of the enactment of women's suffrage, a forward step taken in 1919 by a newly-elected Republican Congress meeting in special session. That was only one landmark in a great record, beginning in 1872,



goes

GOP

NEWS RELEASE
YOUNG REPUBLICAN
NATIONAL FEDERATION

CHICAGO CONVENTION HEADQUARTERS:

EXHIBITION HALL, Conrad Hilton Hotel
also International Amphitheatre

Phone: HARRISON 7-1960

JK2353

1960

#84

RELEASE MONDAY Am's
July 25, 1960

22 YEAR OLD OREGON DELEGATE
YOUNGEST AT CONVENTION

Chicago.... Bruce Philippi, a 22-year-old grass seed farmer from Stayton, Oregon, may not be the youngest man to ever cast a vote for the nomination of a U.S. President, but he could be the youngest delegate to participate in the 1960 Republican National Convention here.

A veteran of Young Republican activity, Philippi was picked as an alternate by the elected Oregon delegation following the state election in May. In the event the elected delegate is unable to attend, Philippi will cast his vote with the Oregon delegation Wednesday evening.

Philippi, who holds a B.S. degree in political science from the University of Oregon, started his political career while still in high school by working on the senatorial campaign of Guy Gordon in 1954. He credits Gordon for arousing his interest in national and local politics.

In 1956 he worked on behalf of Elmo Smith who was then candidate for Governor of Oregon and is now a candidate for the U.S. Senate. In 1958 he was instrumental in sending Oregon's Walter Norblad to the House of Representatives of the United States.

A tall, slender, good looking young man with a trim crew cut, Philippi lives with his parents in Stayton. He is on the executive board of the Marion County, Oregon, senior Republican organization as well as serving on the State Central Committee on candidate assistance. He has held several YR positions and is now Director of Region Nine of the National YR Federation.

The young delegate arrived in Chicago Friday (July 22) morning, and entered immediately into the activities of the Young Republicans.

Philippi has no political plans for the immediate future other than to work on behalf of the Republican ticket, but at a later date plans to run for public office and make politics a major part of his life.

#####

★ ROCKEFELLER ROLL CALL ★

Published by the

NATIONAL DRAFT ROCKEFELLER COMMITTEE

ROOM 2500 - CONRAD HILTON HOTEL - 720 S. MICHIGAN

July 24, 1960

X JK2353

1960 #85

WIN WITH ROCKEFELLER!

Don't vote yourself out of office this fall!

Will Nixon help your state ticket in November? Will he be an asset in electing your local candidates for county and precinct office? Or is he going to be a local Republican albatross for you?

Every Republican knows the Vice President is an honorable man. Many of his enemies have seriously and wrongly maligned him. But the result has been fatal. They have pinned on him the kiss of death—he is now the man who cannot win. But it's more than his enemies: the polls prove it, and recent campaigns (North Dakota) prove it.

But the Vice President's backers are determined men.

And yet, they know that if this convention nominates Nixon,

... He will lose.

... He will take down to defeat with him your state, county, city, and precinct tickets. If you are a candidate for office, he will hurt your chances.

... We will be faced with at least four years of control by the irresponsible, wild-spending Democrats. From precinct offices to the White House, we will be the "outs."

Only one Republican can help you get votes in your city, county, and precinct. Only one Republican has the qualities of leadership, intelligence, statesmanship, and personal magnetism we need to help our ticket from top to bottom.

You know that man is Gov. Nelson Rockefeller of New York.

You have less than four days to make up your mind for Rockefeller. When you look at the facts, when you consider in the cold light of logic that authoritative, unpartisan studies of public opinion show that Nixon is sure to lose in at least California, Illinois, New York State, Pennsyl-

vania, and Texas, then you will realize that the only way for you to win at home and nationally in November is to

Nominate Rockefeller!

★ ★ ★ ★ ★

Is Rockefeller a vote getter? Let the facts speak for themselves:

In 1958, the nation was swept by a Democrat landslide. After the votes were cast, they had control of both Houses of Congress. At almost every level, they enjoyed successes they had not anticipated in even their rosiest dreams.

The outstanding exception: New York State. There Nelson Rockefeller received 3,126,929 votes—the largest popular vote ever cast for a Governor in the state. His plurality was 573,034 over his popular Democrat incumbent opponent.

★ ★ ★ ★ ★

Here's a report of a conversation overheard between two avowed Democrats from Chicago and passed on to "Draft Rockefeller" headquarters:

"What did you think of the Los Angeles convention?"

"Nothing. No good. I didn't like it, I just can't vote for Kennedy. He bought the nomination."

"He bought the nomination and then to prove he's a 'man of courage' he picked Johnson. I might have been able to force myself to take Kennedy with a decent vice president. I just can't do it now."

"I'd vote for Rockefeller . . . if the Republicans would give me the chance. If I have to choose between Kennedy and Nixon, I just won't vote . . . or else I'll write in."

"You know, that's just about what I've been thinking, too. I'd vote for Rockefeller."

The lesson here is plain. Rockefeller can attract the votes from independents and disgusted Democrats, votes we Republicans need to win in November. Nixon can't—and without them, he'll lose.

Think it over . . . and nominate Rockefeller.



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1960

#86

NIXON, ROCKEFELLER AND GOLDWATER TO BE
INTERVIEWED ON WEEKEND PROGRAMS ON THE NBC-TV NETWORK

Vice President Richard M. Nixon, Governor Nelson A. Rockefeller of New York, and Senator Barry Goldwater of Arizona, will be interviewed on two weekend programs to be telecast on the NBC-TV Network.

Vice President Nixon and Governor Rockefeller will be interviewed on an NBC Special Report -- "Convention Preview," Saturday, July 23 (8:30-9:30 p.m. CDT -- 9:30-10:30 p.m. EDT). The Vice President will appear in a live telecast from Washington, while Governor Rockefeller will be interviewed in a live telecast from Chicago.

Governor Rockefeller and Senator Goldwater will be guests on "Meet the Press" Sunday, July 24 (5-6 p.m. CDT -- 6-7 p.m. EDT). They will be interviewed separately by Carleton Kent of the Chicago Sun Times, Edwin Newman of NBC News, Richard Wilson of Cowles Publications and Lawrence E. Spivak, producer and permanent panelist of "Meet the Press."

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1960

#87

NBC NEWS DEPLOYS 32 CAMERA CREWS FOR REPUBLICAN CONVENTION

NBC Convention Central, Chicago, July 24 --

NBC News has deployed 32 camera crews around an area stretching 20 miles across Chicago and its environs to cover the quickening activity of the Republican National Convention.

NBC's 32 cameras are strategically placed through an area reaching from the northern suburb of Evanston southward to Chicago's International Amphitheatre, where the first convention session starts Monday, July 25.

Cameras have been set up at O'Hare Airport west of the city, where Vice President Nixon is scheduled to make a mid-day landing, and at Meigs Field near downtown Chicago, where he will be shuttled by helicopter.

Other cameras have been positioned in the rooms and on the lawns of the 19th Century home of the late Charles Gates Dawes in Evanston, where a tea and reception will be held Tuesday (July 26) in honor of Mrs. Pat Nixon.

The main effort of NBC's 350-man news and technical staff will focus on the Republican headquarters in the Conrad Hilton Hotel and on the Amphitheatre, where the network has set up its control center and electronic



JK2353
1960

#88

NBC NEWS PRESENTS TWO SPECIAL PRE-CONVENTION TELECASTS
ON ROCKEFELLER-NIXON MEETING

The press conference of Governor Nelson A. Rockefeller of New York, held in Chicago's Conrad Hilton Hotel, was covered in full in a special NBC News program presented on the NBC-TV Network today (Saturday, July 23, 4:30-5:35 p.m. EDT).

The press conference, at which the Governor discussed his meeting last night with Vice President Richard M. Nixon, was followed by taped segments of a press conference held earlier in the day by Senator Barry Goldwater of Arizona.

The program also included reports by NBC News correspondents Edwin Newman, Bill Henry, Sander Vanocur, and Frank Bourgholtzer, who reported from Washington on a press conference held by Vice President Nixon.

In addition to this program, NBC News presented a 15-minute special telecast (1 p.m. EDT), which included reports from NBC News correspondents on the meeting between Nixon and Rockefeller and their agreement on the Republican platform.



JN2353

1960

#89

June 27, 1960

(NOTE: The following biographical feature on NBC News political commentator Bill Henry contains information of particular local interest to editors in California, Illinois, New York and Washington, D. C.)

* * *

BILL HENRY
NBC News Commentator

For Bill Henry, veteran NBC political commentator, coverage of the 1960 national political conventions also will mark his 38th year as a broadcaster.

Henry did his first broadcast in Los Angeles in the days of the crystal set. The conventions next month will mark the tenth pair of conclaves he has covered. The year also will provide two other important milestones in Henry's career. He will mark his 70th birthday on Aug. 21, and will complete 20 years of reportorial service in Washington, D. C.

Assigned to what has been deemed "the toughest possible convention listening post," that of interpreting formulations and differences of each party's platform committee, he will call upon a vast

(more)



X JK2353
1960

#90

June 16, 1960

(NOTE: The following biographical feature on NBC conventions commentator Jim Hurlbut is of particular local interest to editors in Michigan, Illinois and Washington, D. C.)

* * *

JAMES HURLBUT
Of NBC News Chicago

At the huge brick and concrete building that is called the Chicago Amphitheatre -- the home of such varied events as international livestock and dog shows and the site of next month's GOP National Convention -- James Hurlbut figures to be one of NBC News' most valuable operatives.

Jim calls the Amphitheatre "a sort of combined home-away-from-home and office-away-from-office," and adds by way of explanation:

"I've been covering conventions there since 1940, plus a couple of hundred other news events, and each of its nooks and crannies, vantage and disadvantage points, cables and telephone lines, are as familiar as the keys on my typewriter..."

Hurlbut, veteran Chicago-based NBC newsman, who will serve the NBC Radio Network as a floor reporter at the 1960 political conclaves in Chicago and Los Angeles, detects a nostalgic atmosphere around the Chicago Amphitheatre.

(more)



JC2353
1960

#91

(NOTE: The following biographical feature on NBC conventions commentator Chet Huntley contains information of particular local interest to editors in Montana, Washington State, Oregon, and California).

CHET HUNTLEY

NBC News Commentator

It's not the "who" but the "what" that will carry weight at the 1960 political conventions, avers NEC's Chet Huntley, warning:

"Never have we had so many personable candidates for our highest elective office, and rarely have the major political parties stood for so much in common. If the conventions and subsequent election should digress into a campaign of personalities, we might have a dangerous situation...

"In my own view, the American people are too intelligent and have matured in their political thinking to a point where this cannot happen. The healthiest single aspect of the American voter is his staunch independence and willingness to cross party lines.

"But nevertheless, we would all do well to consider the candidates more on a basis of the 'challenge of leadership' they will have to meet than on their personalities and background."

(more)

June 15, 1960



June 22, 1960

MORE THAN 70 HOURS OF DEMOCRATIC AND REPUBLICAN CONVENTION
COVERAGE WILL BE PROGRAMMED ON THE NBC TELEVISION NETWORK

More than 70 hours of coverage of the Democratic and Republican national conventions will be programmed on the NBC Television Network.

Tentative starting times of NBC News' coverage of the convention sessions were announced today by William R. McAndrew, Vice President, NBC News. They are based upon his discussions with Democratic and Republican leaders and are subject to last-minute revisions caused by convention developments.

Mr. McAndrew has just returned from an inspection tour of NBC's facilities in Los Angeles and Chicago for covering the political meetings. He reported satisfactory progress in the construction and equipping of NBC Convention Central in the Los Angeles Sports Arena and the Chicago International Amphitheatre and the special booths in these places from which Chet Huntley and David Brinkley will report the sessions.

In addition to the direct telecasts of the convention sessions, Dave Garroway's "Today" show will devote its entire programming to the convention throughout the weeks of July 11 and July 25.

(more)



X-3K2353
JAN 23 1960

#93

(NOTE: The following is a biographical feature on NBC convention commentator David Brinkley).

* * *

DAVID BRINKLEY

NBC Convention Commentator

"P. T. Barnum was all wet," says NBC-TV newscaster Dave Brinkley with characteristic conviction backed by knowledge and experience.

"The greatest show on earth, pound for pound and thrill for thrill, is the national political convention...

"Barnum's elephants can't stack up to the GOP's; his pyrotechnics do not compare with the kick of the massed Democratic donkeys. For spectacle, oratory and suspense; drama, humor and pathos; scope, cast, props -- there is nothing like a convention.

"It's a show of shows in which every man and every emotion hang in the balance, and the audience (of 180 millions) participates. It's a show in two acts, and the pity of it is that it plays only every four years."

As in 1956, when Brinkley won international critical acclaim for his conventions coverage, he figures the convention tale this year will be "scattered, plentiful and simultaneous -- a big, brawling, confused and wonderful story..."

(more)

June 13, 1960



JN2353
1960

#94

Governor Nelson A. Rockefeller's press conference in Chicago will be carried live on the NBC-TV Network today (Saturday, July 23) from 4 p.m. EDT to its conclusion. Governor Rockefeller called the press conference after his surprise meeting in New York with Vice President Nixon.

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X JX2353

1960

#95

July 20, 1960

TO ALL EDITORS:

The following information is supplied to facilitate reaching members of the NBC Press Department in Chicago during the Republican convention. If you should need stories, features or photos from the convention, please call on any of the persons listed. Or, if you are in Chicago for the convention, please drop in for a visit.

<u>FACILITY</u>	<u>LOCATION</u>	<u>PHONE NO.</u>
NBC Press Department	NBC Convention Central International Amphitheatre	Frontier 6-8132 Ext. 32, 33
NBC Working Press HQ	Conrad Hilton Room 500	Wabash 2-1306 Ext. 15, 16

NBC PRESS DEPARTMENT PERSONNEL

(From Chicago)

Ellis Moore	Drake Hotel	Superior 7-2200
Ethel Kirsner	"	"
Mort Hochstein	"	"
Sid Desfor (photo)	"	"
Chet Campbell	NBC, Chicago Merchandise Mart	Superior 7-8300
Fran Clark	"	"
Dan Anderson	"	"

(more)

X JK2353
BEO

#196

ELEVEN SPECIAL NBC NEWS PROGRAMS AND GAVEL-TO-
GAVEL COVERAGE OF THE REPUBLICAN CONVENTION
TO BE TELECAST ON NBC-TV

NBC CONVENTION CENTRAL, CHICAGO, JULY 21 --

NBC News will report the Republican convention with gavel-to-gavel coverage of the convention sessions and 11 special telecasts on the NBC-TV network, including exclusive interviews with Vice President Richard M. Nixon and Governor Nelson A. Rockefeller of New York, as well as the arrival of President Eisenhower in Chicago.

NBC will interrupt its coverage of the first convention session on Monday, July 25, to present a special live telecast showing the arrival of Vice President Nixon at O'Hare Airport outside Chicago, his arrival by helicopter at Meigs Field closer to the center of the city, and the motorcade taking him through downtown Chicago. The telecast will begin about 12:15 p.m., EDT.

NBC will present a special program on Tuesday, July 26, covering the arrival of President Eisenhower at O'Hare Airport, his helicopter landing at Meigs Field and the parade in his honor through downtown Chicago. The coverage will start on the NBC-TV network about 12:15 p.m., EDT.

(more)

NEWS FROM

NATIONAL DRAFT ROCKEFELLER COMMITTEE

Press Room
Conrad Hilton Hotel--Parlor 24 & 25 or
Telephone: HArrison 7-4233-4611-4640

HARSHE-ROTMAN, Inc.
108 North State Street
Telephone: Financial 6-6868

July 21, 1960
FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

HOUSEWIFE SETS ROCKY CAMPAIGN TO MUSIC

Bruce Frank is boosting the "Draft Rockefeller" movement in San Francisco.

More important, though, so is his mother, Mrs. Nancy Frank, who wrote the theme song for the national "Draft Rockefeller" committee. The song will be sounded throughout Chicago's convention area and, according to committee members, is expected to accompany Rockefeller to the White House.

Bruce is only three years old and his contribution to political thinking may not be felt for a number of years. Mrs. Frank, however, is a 39-year-old homemaker who is convinced that New York's governor "is the only" Republican who could and should be president," and she's done something about it.

Mrs. Frank's song is simple -- "I'd say it's corny," she comments -- but it was written that way on purpose, so that people could hear it, remember it, and sing it. To the tune of "He's A Jolly Good Fellow," the words are:

#98

Mrs. Richard Nixon

Maiden Name Patricia Ryan

Birthplace Ely, Nevada, March 16, 1912

Family Parents: Mr. and Mrs. William Ryan (deceased)
Mother's Maiden Name - Kate Halberstadt

Sister: Mrs. Marc Renter of Los Angeles (step-sister)

Brothers: Matthew Bender of Los Angeles (step-brother)
William Ryan of Los Angeles
Thomas Ryan of Artesia, California

Children Two daughters:

Patricia ("Tricia") - 14 years old, born February 21, 1946 in Whittier, California

Julie - 12 years old, born July 5, 1948, in Washington, D.C.

Both children attend The Sidwell Friends School in Washington. "Tricia" will be in the ninth grade and Julie in the seventh grade in September.

Early life Lived in Ely, Nevada, until 1 year old; then moved to California.

Marriage Married June 21, 1940, at the Mission Inn, Riverside, California - Quaker ceremony

Mrs. Nixon met Mr. Nixon in Whittier, in 1937, shortly after his graduation from Duke University Law School. Mrs. Nixon was teaching in the Whittier High School.

Church affiliation In her childhood, Mrs. Nixon attended the Artesia (California) Community Methodist Church. Since her marriage she and the Vice President attend the East Whittier Friends' Church when in Whittier, California, and the Metropolitan Memorial Methodist Church when in Washington, D.C.

Education Attended public elementary and high schools in Artesia, California. Graduated cum laude in 1937 from the University of Southern California. Worked her way through college by doing research, grading papers, playing movie bit parts. Also worked Saturdays and vacations in department store.

ROBERT L. McMANUS, PRESS SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNOR

#99

STATE OF NEW YORK
EXECUTIVE CHAMBER
ALBANY

REVISED TENTATIVE SCHEDULE FOR GOVERNOR ROCKEFELLER
SUNDAY, JULY 24

- 11:00 a.m. Governor attends services at Rockefeller Memorial Chapel, University of Chicago.
- 12:30 p.m. Governor attends reception sponsored by Draft Rockefeller Committee, Mayfair Room, Blackstone Hotel.
- 3:00 p.m. Governor attends pre-convention rally sponsored by the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People, Liberty Baptist Church, 4849 South Parkway South.
- 5:00 p.m. Governor is interviewed on "Meet the Press," Studio A, 19th Floor, Merchandise Mart.
- 6:30 p.m. Governor and Mrs. Rockefeller entertain New York delegates and alternates at dinner, East Room, Sheraton Towers.
- Governor attends meeting of New York State Delegation, Tallyho Room, Sheraton Towers.

News
release



REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE

L. Richard Guiley, Public Relations Director • National 8-6800
1625 Eye Street, Northwest • Washington 6, D. C.

CHICAGO CONVENTION HEADQUARTERS

EXHIBITION HALL, Conrad Hilton Hotel, also International Amphitheatre / Phone: Harrison 7-1960

X JK2353
1960

FOR RELEASE

IMMEDIATE
JULY 23, 1960

#100

STATEMENT BY CHARLES PERCY, PLATFORM COMMITTEE CHAIRMAN

"I have received today suggestions for the Platform Committee made jointly by Vice President Nixon and Governor Rockefeller. I assure them and all concerned that their suggestions will receive the careful consideration of the Resolutions Committee."

#####

1960

#101

NEWS FROM

NATIONAL DRAFT ROCKEFELLER COMMITTEE

Press Room
Conrad Hilton Hotel--Parlor 24 & 25
Telephone: HArrison 7-4233-4611-4640

or

HARSHE-ROTMAN, Inc.
108 North State Street
Telephone: FInancial 6-6868

July 23, 1960
FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

The following statement was issued today (Saturday, July 23) by William M. Brinton, chairman of the National Draft Rockefeller Committee:

"In regard to the statements made by Senator Goldwater concerning the recommendations for the Republican National Platform, may I first say that I have great respect and honor for the role which Senator Goldwater holds in the Republican Party as an articulate spokesman for the conservative wing. The Senator has been a successful candidate in Arizona, while espousing political philosophies which may not elsewhere in America be quite so popular, but I would suggest that Goldwater's effectiveness as a spokesman will only continue so long as he is elected. If he were ever to adhere to a platform which was not acceptable to the majority of the entire electorate, not only would he be personally defeated but the Republican Party would suffer a severe setback.

"In any election there are two factors which determine one's election or defeat:

1. His political philosophies and platform, and
2. His attractiveness as a candidate

JK2353
1960

WOMEN AND THE REPUBLICAN PARTY

Eighty-seven years of progress for America's
WOMEN, made possible by the pioneering ef-
forts of the Republican Party..... 1

THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION OF 1960

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WOMEN and the Young Republican National
Federation.....20

- { -

WOMEN'S DIVISION
REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE
1625 EYE STREET, N.W.
WASHINGTON 6, D.C.



A BIOGRAPHY OF
RICHARD
NIXON
VICE PRESIDENT
OF THE UNITED STATES

February, 1959

Richard Nixon of Whittier, California, was elected 36th Vice President of the United States on November 4, 1952, and reelected November 6, 1956.

Born in Yorba Linda, California, on January 9, 1913, the second of Hannah and Frank Nixon's five sons, he learned from his Quaker parents the principles of hard work and a devout and gentle faith which have been responsible for his brilliant service to his country. His mother comes from a long line of Irish Quakers who emigrated to the Pennsylvania colony from Dublin before the Revolutionary War. His paternal great-grandfather, an enlisted Ohio volunteer in the Civil War, is buried at Gettysburg.

He grew up in the Quaker community of Whittier, where his parents operated the kind of modest enterprise which is a landmark in hundreds of American communities--a combination filling station and grocery store with living accommodations in the rear. As soon as they were old enough, the boys helped out in the business. Life was not easy for his parents, but by industry and the well-known Quaker thrift they managed to provide a comfortable though far from lavish home. Personal tragedy became an early experience when a younger brother died of meningitis, at the age of seven, and his older brother died of tuberculosis at eighteen after five years of illness.

Mr. Nixon completed elementary and secondary schools in Whittier and finished second in his class at Whittier College in 1934. He was awarded a scholarship to Duke University Law School where he received his LLB in 1937 with honors.

After being admitted to the California Bar, Mr. Nixon joined a firm in Whittier for the general practice of law. Within a year, the firm's name became Bewley, Knoop and Nixon. That same year Mr. Nixon met Patricia Ryan, an attractive Whittier school teacher, when they were both performing in a little theater production. They were married on June 21, 1940. They have two children, Tricia, born during his first campaign in 1946, and Julie, born in 1948.

After practicing law in Whittier for five years, during part of which time he was Deputy City Attorney, Mr. Nixon joined the legal staff of the Office of

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FOREIGN TRAVEL SUMMARY

Vice President Richard Nixon

TO THE FAR EAST

Purpose: Official good-will tour
Dates: October 6 to December 14, 1953.
Point of departure and return: Washington, D.C.
Countries and cities visited:

Hawaii(U.S.)	--	Honolulu
New Zealand	--	Wellington, Hamilton, Ngaruawahia Pa, Auckland
Australia	--	Sydney, Melbourne, Canberra
Indonesia	--	Djakarta, Djokjakarta
Malaya	--	Singapore, Kuala Lumpur, Ula Langat
Thailand	--	Bangkok
Indochina	--	Siem Reap, Phnom Penh, Saigon, Dalat, Vientiane, Hanoi
Hong Kong(Br.)	--	
Formosa	--	Taipei, Hsin-Chu, Taichung
Korea	--	Seoul
Japan	--	Tokyo, Itami, Kyoto, Nara, Osaka (Kansai District)
Okinawa	--	Naha
Philippines	--	Manila, Los Banos
Burma	--	Rangoon, Dayebo, Pegu
Ceylon	--	Colombo
India	--	Madras, Bangalore, New Delhi, Tharaut, Thana Khwld, Sonepat, Agra
Pakistan	--	Peshawar, Kandahar, Karachi
Afghanistan	--	Kabul
Iran	--	Tehran
Libya	--	Tripoli, Benghazi

En route refueling stops: San Francisco, Canton Island, Darwin, Lajes (Azores), Bermuda

Mileage: Air, 42,881; auto, 2,550; total, 45,431.

TO CENTRAL AMERICA

Purpose: Official good-will tour
Dates: February 6 to March 5, 1955
Point of departure and return: Washington, D.C.
Countries and cities visited:

Cuba	--	Havana, Mariano
Mexico	--	Mexico City
Guatemala	--	Guatemala City, Antigua, Quezaltenango
El Salvador	--	San Salvador, Santa Tecla
Honduras	--	Tegucigalpa, Zamorano
Nicaragua	--	Managua
Costa Rica	--	San Jose, Heredia, Santo Domingo, Palmar Sur
Panama	--	Panama City, David, Boquete
Canal Zone(U.S.)	--	Canal Zone, Colon, Gatun, Balboa Heights
Virgin Islands(U.S.)	--	St. Thomas
Puerto Rico (U.S.)	--	San Juan, Carolina (Buena Ventura)
Dominican Republic	--	Ciudad Trujillo, San Isidro, San Cristobal
Haiti	--	Port-au-Prince, Damien, Drouillard

Mileage: Air, 8,550; auto, 1029; total, 9,579

TO BRAZIL

Purpose: To attend inauguration of President Kubitschek
Dates: January 29 to February 4, 1956

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L. Richard Gueley, Public Relations Director • National 8-5800
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EXHIBITION HALL, Conrad Hilton Hotel, also International Amphitheatre / Phone: Harrison 7-1960

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1960
FOR RELEASE

Women's Division
Republican National Convention

IMMEDIATE, July 25, 1960

WOMEN WIN EQUALITY ON ALL CONVENTION COMMITTEES, UNDER NEW GOP RULE

Republican women took a giant political stride today.

The 1960 Convention Rules Committee voted equal representation for men and women on three Convention Committees -- Rules, Credential and Permanent Organization. Equal representation already is effective on the Resolutions (Platform) Committee.

Mr. George Etzell, Chairman of the Rules Committee, announced the revision of Rule 14 which goes into effect at the 1964 Republican Convention, calling the action "a major step forward for the Republican Party."

"This is a historic step," said Mrs. Clare B. Williams, Assistant Chairman of the Republican National Committee. "Last June, when the pre-Convention Rules Committee met in Washington, D.C., the change was recommended to the Convention Rules Committee here in Chicago.

"There was never any doubt in our minds that it would be affirmed enthusiastically. That is exactly what has happened. It is an indication of the pride with which the GOP views the political achievements of its women."

Equal representation of men and women on the Resolutions Committee has been in effect since 1940. The action affecting the three additional committees broadens women's influence considerably.

Mrs. Williams pointed out that a similar ruling, passed some months ago by the Democratic Party, was "deceptive." She explained that their paragraph calling for fifty-fifty representation of the sexes was followed by a disclaimer permitting appointment of a man when a woman is unavailable.

"When you read the fine print, you see that all they've done is to double the size of their Committees," Mrs. Williams said. "Certainly

more

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PUBLIC RELATIONS DIVISION
REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE

JULY 25, 1960

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR NEWS MEDIA ON ARRIVAL OF PRESIDENT EISENHOWER, WEDNESDAY, JULY 27.

(This is in addition to release of July 24)

Police will erect barricades along curbs in Balboa Drive between the Conrad Hilton and Sheraton-Blackstone. No persons will be permitted in the street in advance of the President's arrival. The President is expected to arrive at about 12:10 p.m.

Photographers and correspondents who will not be in the motorcade from Meigs Field to the Sheraton-Blackstone are advised to take favored positions on the sidewalks along Balboa Street before street crowds become heavy.

Photographers please note: no persons will be permitted in the street itself along Balboa Drive until after the Presidential car stops at the door of the Blackstone.

This applies also to cameramen on the two photo trucks in the motorcade. These trucks will not enter Balboa Drive. Photographers on these trucks can enter the street in front of the Blackstone entrance after the Presidential car stops.

News
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FOR RELEASE

AMS WEDNESDAY
JULY 27, 1960

ADDRESS BY THE PERMANENT CHAIRMAN, REP. CHARLES A. HALLECK,
2ND DISTRICT, INDIANA, BEFORE THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION,
TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 26, 1960

Governor Smylie, fellow delegates, distinguished guests, citizens
of America and the free world who are following this great Republican
convention:

May I, first of all, offer to the delegates and members of the
Republican National Committee, my thanks for the honor you have
accorded my native state of Indiana and the Congressional District
I am privileged to represent in appointing me to this chairmanship.

Beyond that, it is a matter of deep personal satisfaction that
I am here when we pay tribute to the man who is today first in the
hearts of the countrymen he has served so long and so honorably--
our great President - Dwight D. Eisenhower!

Four years ago it was my pleasure to place his name in nomination
at San Francisco. At that time I said millions of people were waiting
for the delegates to nominate a leader who "by conviction, by train-
ing, by experience, by wisdom and by faith has proved that he is right
for our times."

That assessment has stood the test:

And I say to you that this week we are going to nominate another
Republican leader who, by conviction, by training, by experience, by
wisdom and by faith is right for the times!

To you, fellow delegates--and to the people of this country--
I promise to do my best to make this convention an occasion worthy
of its purpose: to nominate a president and a vice-president for
a nation that is still the leader among countries of the world--
bar none!

At Los Angeles we saw and heard the sorry spectacle of spokes-
men for a political party belittling the progress of a people they
seek to lead!

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FOR RELEASE

Publicity: 804-A
Pat Cartor,
IMMEDIATE
JULY 26, 1960

PRESENTATION TO HONOR
MAMIE DOUD EISENHOWER

The presentation of a natural yellow 14 karat gold bracelet bearing an hand-engraved Presidential seal to Mamie Doud Eisenhower as a memento of the esteem in which she is held by all members of the Republican Party will be made at the Republican National Convention on Tuesday evening, July 26th in the International Amphitheatre. (9:26 P.M., CDT)

The presentation will be made by Mrs. Peter Gibson of Monroe, Michigan whose selection marks not only the Party's recognition of Mrs. Gibson as an outstanding woman in politics but also the contributions of the organization she represents as President, the National Federation of Republican Women.

The band bracelet is 7/8" wide and fits the wrist snugly. It can be expanded to fit any level of the wrist since it is not hinged but fits rather by a clasping of the wrist. The sharply engraved Presidential seal is on the top of the bracelet and is dramatized by the simplicity of the band. The bracelet carries the following inscription on the underside:

Mamie Doud Eisenhower
First Lady - 1953-1960
With respect, admiration and affection
from the Republicans of the United States of America
presented at Chicago, July 26, 1960

The bracelet, which was selected by Mrs. Clare B. Williams, Assistant Chairman of the Republican National Committee, will be packaged in a genuine pink leather box with gold tooling at the edges. The bracelet will rest upon a circular raised platform within the box which is lined in lemon yellow velvet.

The National Federation of Republican Women, an official associate of the Republican National Committee, has a membership of over one-half million in State Federations and individual clubs. It is the training arm of the Republican Party and its members serve in a volunteer capacity. The organization cites the fact

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FOR RELEASE

TUESDAY A.M.'S
JULY 26, 1960

THE REPUBLICAN SENATORIAL ROLE
SENATOR BARRY GOLDWATER OF ARIZONA
CHAIRMAN SENATORIAL CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE

My fellow Americans:

You and I as members of the Republican Party and delegates to this nineteen hundred and sixty convention are participating in decisions of grave importance.

Let us then as Republicans apply the test of conscience to our every act. Let us bring to this task the dedication and devotion of those who lived and died that we might be free.

I want to talk to you tonight about the heart and soul of our great historic party. I want to talk to you about the local and state candidates who will go back to their homes after this convention and once again take up, with self-sacrifice and devotion, their great task which gives this party of ours its substance and vigor.

After the fanfare is over, these men and women who share our beliefs on the divine nature of man and his great destiny, will carry the Republican message into every corner of this nation.

As chairman of the Republican Senatorial Campaign Committee, it is my privilege and responsibility tonight to present to you and to the television audience of this nation the men and women who by their candidacies for the Senate of the United States will represent the Republican philosophy of government to the voters of this nation.

The true Republican philosophy is a dynamic compelling doctrine, dealing with the full nature of man and not with his material needs alone. It is the living unquenchable spirit of the American Revolution.

--The touchstone is freedom. --The goals--the improvement of both man and his society,--the nurturing of spiritual and intellectual capacity,--the expansion of creative opportunity,--the perpetuation of that concept of limited central government which provides a climate for maximum social and individual progress.

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FOR RELEASE

AMS OF WEDNESDAY
JULY 27, 1960

REMARKS BY GOVERNOR ROBERT E. SHYLIE OF IDAHO INTRODUCING HONORABLE CHARLES HALLECK OF INDIANA AS PERMANENT CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 26, 1960.

MR. CHAIRMAN, FELLOW AMERICANS:

Permit me first to express my gratitude for the opportunity to present to this Convention a great American who will be our permanent Chairman. And then let me trespass very briefly on your time.

As Governor of Idaho, and a veteran of every political campaign since 1948, I think I should tell you the Mountain West has survived the oratory of those gloomy and desperate young men who gathered in Los Angeles a couple of weeks ago.

We know that the United States maintains a posture of defense and retaliation that is respectable and respected.

If this were not so, we would have been in trouble long since.

We know that the United States is solvent and that there is a billion dollars in the bank to prove it.

We know, too, that the leaders of the free world have confidence in the strength and purpose of the United States. They know that we are determined to meet and finally master the Communist

threat to our Christian ideals of government.

In the West we know that youth and smartness will be no substitute for skill, experience and patient wisdom if we are to win through to the world that has always been the American dream; a world where all people can live in freedom, in peace, in justice and human dignity; unmolested and unafraid.

This Republican Party of ours knows that the two great concerns

Herbert G. Klein
Press Secretary to the Vice President
Sheraton Blackstone Hotel
Chicago, Illinois

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THE VICE PRESIDENT'S AFTERNOON
SCHEDULE

Tuesday, July 26, 1960

President Eisenhower's arrival has been reported to be delayed because of the weather. The remainder of Vice President Nixon's schedule is subject to change because of this. Vice President and Mrs. Nixon had been scheduled to greet the President and Mrs. Eisenhower at 12:10 p.m. and lunch with them in the Presidential suite.

3:00 p.m.	Delegations -- Alaska, Arizona, Colorado, New Mexico, Oregon - Ballroom, Blackstone Hotel
3:30 p.m.	Delegations -- Connecticut, Massachusetts, Rhode Island Mayfair Room, Blackstone Hotel
4:00 p.m.	Delegations -- Ohio - Ballroom, Blackstone Hotel
4:30 p.m.	Delegations -- Kansas, Missouri, Oklahoma Mayfair Room, Blackstone Hotel
5:00 p.m.	Delegations -- Iowa, Nebraska, Wisconsin - Ballroom, Blackstone Hotel
5:30 p.m.	Delegations -- (To be announced)
6:00 p.m.	Governor Handley, Indiana, the Vice President's Suite

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2nd session - 7/25/60 Page 1. GM

OFFICIAL PROGRAM
REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION

MONDAY, JULY 25 - SECOND SESSION:

REHEARSAL: 5:30 P.M. Manny Harmon and orchestra - organ -
Efrem Zimbalist, Jr., Lloyd Nolan,
Brian Sullivan, Wendell Corey, Lucille
Norman, Northwestern Summer Chorus
(127 voices)

6:30 P.M. ENTERTAINMENT

7:00 Color Guards and 200 Young Republicans with flags
march down aisle to Medley by Harmon, Color Guard
presents colors.

7:02 CHAIRMAN announces Pledge of Allegiance led by
DR. HANNIBAL HAMLIN, great-grandson of Lincoln's
Vice President.

7:04 CHAIRMAN announces NATIONAL ANTHEM sung by
BRIAN SULLIVAN (key of C)

7:05 CHAIRMAN announces INVOCATION by REVEREND THOMAS
H. ELLIS, of the Lincoln Memorial Congregational
Church of Chicago. (3 min)

7:08 Colors and Y. R.'s retire.

7:09 CHAIRMAN expresses thanks to COLOR GUARD FROM
PARK RIDGE POST No. 3579, VETERANS OF FOREIGN WARS
OF THE UNITED STATES, DEPARTMENT OF ILLINOIS.

7:10 CHAIRMAN MORTON presents MISS JOSEPHINE GOOD,
first woman director of a national convention.

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FOR RELEASE

AMS of Wednesday
July 27, 1960

REMARKS OF MRS. PETER GIBSON, PRESIDENT
NATIONAL FEDERATION OF REPUBLICAN WOMEN
BEFORE THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION
CHICAGO, ILL., TUESDAY EVENING, JULY 26, 1960.

President and Mrs. Eisenhower
Mr. Chairman
Distinguished Guests
Listeners All

You have just heard the inspiring address of the President of the United States.

It is my honor and privilege to speak in behalf of all Republicans in paying tribute to the one who has been the most closely associated with him in the responsibilities he has carried in this high office, and who has so graciously represented us all as our First Lady of the land.

As president of the National Federation of Republican Women, and in other capacities, it has been possible for me to learn much about the women of today -- their thinking, their concerns, and their aspirations for their homes and families, because our membership (which welcomes Republican women of all ages) is made up of the farm wife, the housewife, the business woman, the professional woman, the union wife, the nurse, the teacher. All have a common bond in the realization that decisions made in the world today influence their homes tomorrow. And they want those decisions carefully made by leaders of experienced thought and judgment.

Since political action is the means for making these desires a reality, now, more than ever before, women are taking an active interest in politics.

We of the National Federation are especially proud that 90 per cent of all the women Delegates and Alternates participating in this Convention are members of clubs of the National Federation which help to provide political training and experience.

Republican women should gladly volunteer in the interest of good government because this effort is an essential part of woman's



GOP

**CONVENTION
DAYBOOK**

#114

**THE GOP CONVENTION DAYBOOK
TUESDAY, JULY 26**

- 7:00 AM until (Approximate time.) "TODAY" NBC Television Program (Channel 5). Gov. NELSON A. ROCKEFELLER, of New York. Also a Round Table Discussion with people dropping in and discussing the convention.
- 8:00 AM CDT VICE PRESIDENT NIXON meets with the VIRGINIA Delegation. Hubbard Room, Sheraton Blackstone.
- 8:00 AM BREAKFAST, for MAINE Delegation. Host: Fred C. Scribner, Under Secretary of the Treasury. Hollywood Room, Morrison Hotel.
- 9:00 AM Caucus of DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA Delegation. Room 424, Drake Hotel.
- 9:00 AM BREAKFAST, for the NEBRASKA Delegation, honoring Secretary of the Interior FRED A. SEITON. Host: Senator ROMAN L. HRUSKA, of Nebraska. Waldorf Room, Conrad Hilton.
- 9:00 AM BREAKFAST, "Politics Sunnyside Up," Hostess: Mrs. Clare B. Williams, Assistant Chairman, Republican National Committee. Grand Ballroom, Morrison Hotel. (By invitation.)
- 9:00 AM BREAKFAST given by the National Council of Republican Workshops. Sheraton Blackstone. (By invitation.)
- 9:30 AM Complimentary BREAKFAST and FASHION SHOW, given by Carson-Pirie-Scott Company, State Street, Heather House Room. (400 tickets available at Hospitality Center for out-of-state women only.)
- 9:30 AM WORKSHOP, open to public, given by the Republican Workshops of Illinois. Sheraton Blackstone.
- 10:00 AM Caucus of VIRGINIA Delegation. Virginia Delegation Headquarters, Morrison Hotel.
- 10:00 AM Four BUSES leave the Sheraton Blackstone for Meigs Field to greet PRESIDENT EISENHOWER. Correspondents and photographers will be escorted to a selected area at Meigs Field.
- 10:30 AM Caucus of CALIFORNIA Delegation. California Delegation Headquarters, Drake Hotel.
- 11:00 AM TOURS of the Chicago Sun Times' new building. (Tours also at 1:00 PM, 2:00 PM, 3:00 PM, and 4:00 PM.)
- 11:05 AM PRESIDENT DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER and Mrs. Eisenhower. Arrival. O'Hare Airport. He will be met there by Gov. William G. Stratton, of Illinois, Senator Everett McKinley Dirksen, of Illinois, and Mayor Richard J. Daley, of Chicago. They will join the President and Mrs. Eisenhower for the helicopter hop to Meigs Field.
- 11:15 AM PRESIDENT EISENHOWER and party depart by helicopter from O'Hare for Meigs Field.

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FOR RELEASE

IMMEDIATE
JULY 15, 1960

STATEMENT BY JAREN L. JONES, VICE CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMITTEE ON ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE 1960 REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION

Today, Senator Thruston B. Morton stands alone as the only major political figure in either party who publicly predicted the Kennedy-Johnson ticket, in that order.

Senator Morton, chairman of the Republican National Committee, made his accurate forecast in a statement he issued on June 30, 1960, the day that it was announced that the Democratic Congress would recess until after the national political conventions.

This was the same day that former President Truman resigned as a delegate to the Democratic National Convention.

In his June 30 statement, Senator Morton said both of these developments together--the Congressional recess and the Truman resignation--meant that a deal had been made for a Kennedy-Johnson ticket.

Here is an excerpt from Senator Morton's June 30 statement:

"It appears that a deal has been made for a Kennedy-Johnson ticket at the rigged Democratic National Convention.

"Former President Truman's announcement that he will not serve as a Delegate, or even attend the Democratic Convention, is proof that he sees the handwriting on the wall, and that the rumors of the Kennedy-Johnson deal that have been floating around Washington are true.

"The decision to recess Congress gives further proof of the Kennedy-Johnson deal.

"Obviously, if Senator Johnson were going to Los Angeles as a presidential candidate he would not leave the major work of Congress undone--as it now is. Johnson would want to finish Congressional work now and use that legislative record as a reason for his candidacy.

"Furthermore, it is clear that Johnson is calling Congress back in August to give the Kennedy-Johnson ticket a political sounding board. Johnson will run the Senate while Kennedy campaigns with adequate notice of important votes."

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FOR RELEASE

IMMEDIATE
JULY 13, 1960

CONGRESSIONAL DEMOCRATS WILL IGNORE
ADVISORY COUNCIL PLATFORM, MORTON SAYS

Senator Thruston B. Morton of Kentucky, Chairman of the Republican National Committee, today issued the following statement:

The 1960 Democratic platform is a glittering array of promises which could have been implemented at any time by Democratic congresses since 1955 -- or in the 20 years of Democratic rule between 1932 and 1952.

The Democratic platform score on its promises, of course, has been just about zero. There is no reason for the American people to believe that the historic lack of Democratic performance will be any different in the future.

The truth is this: The 1960 Democratic platform was written by Democrats who are not in any position to do anything about implementing it. The Democrats in Congress -- as in the past -- will ignore it.

The Democratic platform is a broad rewrite of the various programs and promises issued over the past 4 years by the Democratic Advisory Council, and each of these came to naught in the overwhelmingly Democratic congresses.

Democrats in Congress similarly will shelve this 1960 Democratic platform.

In contrast, the Republican platform will be written by Republicans who will be in a position to implement it.

The Republican platform will be one of assured performance, as against the Democratic platform of empty promises.

A few examples will serve to demonstrate the guaranteed futility of the 1960 Democratic promises:

--The platform promises action to unearth Part III of the Civil Rights Law. Yet, in the Senate in 1957 Part III was buried by the Democrats. Democrats in the Senate voted 13 in favor of Part III, 34 against.

--The Democratic platform promises the Forand Bill for medical care for the elderly, yet this bill was killed just a few weeks ago by the Democratic House Ways and Means Committee, along with a far better administration plan.

--The 1960 Democratic platform looks backward to the 1944 domestic economic promises of Franklin D. Roosevelt and pledges that these promises at long last will be implemented, if only the Democrats are elected 16 years later. Yet most of

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1960
FOR RELEASE

6:00 PM CDT SUNDAY
July 24, 1960

Charles H. Percy, Chairman of the 1960 Republican Platform Committee, today leased three additional planks of the 1960 Republican Platform, as approved by a 103-member platform committee.

The full platform will be submitted to the convention for its approval on Wednesday, July 27.

The three planks are Labor, Natural Resources, and Science and Technology. Leased earlier were the planks on Agriculture, Economic Growth and Business, Government Administration, Government Finance and National Defense.

NATURAL RESOURCES

Rep. Melvin R. Laird, Subcommittee Chairman

A strong and growing economy requires vigorous and persistent attention to the conservation and sound development of all our resources. Teamwork between federal, state and private entities is essential and should be continued. It has resulted in sustained conservation and resource development programs on a scale matched in our history.

The past seven years of Republican leadership have seen the development of increased power capacity, flood control, irrigation, fish and wildlife projects, recreational facilities, and associated multi-purpose benefits than during any previous administration in history. The proof is visible in the forests and waters of the land and in Republican initiation of and support for the Upper Watershed Program and the Small Reclamation Projects Act. It is clear, also, in the results of continuing administration-encouraged forest management practices which have brought, for the first time, a favorable balance between the growth and cutting of America's trees.

Our objective is for further growth, greater strength, and increased utilization in each great area of resource use and development.

Pledge:

--Use of the community watershed as the basic natural unit through which water resource, soil, and forest management programs may best be developed, with interstate compacts encouraged to handle regional aspects without federal domination.

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FOR RELEASE

AP's of Friday, July 15, 1960

STATEMENT BY CHARLES H. FFRCY, CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN
PLATFORM COMMITTEE:

The great value of a political platform is that it provides the basis for wide ranging discussion of the great issues confronting us as a people. It is one of the most important parts of the educational process in American democracy. Just as the Lincoln-Douglas debates brought the issues of that time before a troubled people, so the great conventions and platform discussions today bring into focus the issues of our day. A democracy can arrive at the truth only through this process.

Both parties seek a better America. Men of good will seeking identical goals are working hard in both parties to develop our programs for America. But the approach of the two parties is different. There is a multitude of promises in the Democratic platform. But they raise many questions.

Can the civil rights section of the platform truly be implemented by the Democratic party when pledges to resist it have been made by the party in ten important states ?

What are the fundamental differences between their foreign policy and defense proposals and the programs which have been pursued by the Republican Administration?

Where is their plan to implement the roster of economic programs outlined in their platform?

We are undertaking serious studies and work preparatory to the meeting of the Republican Platform Committee next week. When this committee has completed its deliberations, I am confident we will have a sound, workable, realistic and forward-looking platform on which our candidates can stand with pride. Building A Better America is our goal.

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Sunday Newspaper **FOR RELEASE**
July 17, 1960

By the end of next week Chicago will witness a full-scale invasion by the feminine half of the GOP team.

Along with top Republican women officials who will participate in Convention proceedings and special events, a heavy contingent of White House, Cabinet and Congressional wives is expected.

Arrival information is being released as soon as it becomes available from the GOP housing bureau.

Honorable Bertha S. Adkins, Under Secretary of Health, Education and Welfare, is due July 24.

Congresswoman Katharine St. George of New York and Frances P. Bolton of Ohio arrive July 23 and July 24 respectively.

Two White House wives, eight Cabinet wives, eight Governor's wives, and eighteen Senator's wives are scheduled to check in during the hectic pre-Convention week.

The following listings are up-to-date. Additional information will be released as soon as possible.

<u>Name</u>	<u>Hotel</u>	<u>Date of Arrival</u>
ADKINS, HONORABLE BERTHA S. Under Secretary of Health, Education and Welfare	Sherman	July 24
ST. GEORGE, HONORABLE KATHARINE Congresswoman from New York	Conrad Hilton	July 23
BOLTON, HONORABLE FRANCES P. Congresswoman from Ohio	Conrad Hilton	July 24
MERRIAM, MRS. ROBERT E. (Wife of Deputy Asst. to the President for Interdepartmental Affairs)	Blackstone	July 18
MOOS, MRS. MALCOLM C. (Wife of Administrative Asst. to the President)	Blackstone	July 24
ANDERSON, MRS. ROBERT B. (Wife of the Secretary of the Treasury)	Blackstone	July 18
GATES, MRS. THOMAS S. (Wife of the Secretary of Defense)	Blackstone	July 24
ROFFER, MRS. WILLIAM F. (Wife of the Attorney General)	Blackstone	July 24

For Immediate Release
Monday, July 25, 1960

WINNERS OF YR DAY PARADE

CHICAGO...Huge gold framed awards were presented yesterday, Sunday, July 24, to the winners of the Young Republican Day Parade by Donald H. Kahn, Parade Committee Chairman and Madonna Tontsch, Cook County Beauty Queen. The parade officially kicked off the 1960 Republican National Convention activities.

Winners of the parade were as follows: float section, Salute to Hawaii; best musical group, Skokie Indians; best marching group, St. Charles Training School Band; most original entry, Gosh Orwful Pandemonium Society Hill Billy Band.

The awards were presented in front of the Conrad Hilton Hotel, 8th and Michigan, Chicago and climaxed the festivities down Chicago's "magnificent mile." The parade included dignitaries, bands, baton twirlers, bathing beauties, ancient cars, colorful clowns and thousands of enthusiastic volunteers marching to a GOP victory in November.

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GOP/

NEWS RELEASE
YOUNG REPUBLICAN
NATIONAL FEDERATION

CHICAGO CONVENTION HEADQUARTERS:

EXHIBITION HALL, Conrad Hilton Hotel
also International Amphitheatre

Phone:
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Immediate

~~PERMISSION REQUIRED~~
~~July 23, 1960~~

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1960

YR DAY TOPPED
BY GIANT CITY PARADE

CHICAGO..A dancing pachyderm will lead several thousand YRs down Chicago's "magnificent mile", starting at 2:00 p.m., Sunday, July 24th. The YR's will kick off their 1960 Republican National Convention activities with marching feet, youthful enthusiasm and the roar of the '60 campaign.

The Young Republican kick off parade is under the direction of Donald H. Kuhn, 2738 Pine Grove, chairman of the Parade Committee and Mike Tyner of 4726 N. Winthrop, Chicago, co-chairman.

Sunday (July 24) has been officially designated as Young Republican Day.

Following the party symbol in the big parade will be YR leaders National Chairman Ned Cushing, Downs, Kansas.; Judy Fernald, Montclair, N.J. National Co-chairman, Lou Bertani, National YR committeeman, Joliet, Ill. and Joyce Pederson, National YR Committeewoman, Chicago, Ill.

Among the leading GOP dignitaries in the colorful cast of America's youth are Illinois Governor and Mrs. William G. Stratton, Republican National chairman Thruston Morton and Illinois Secretary of State and Mrs. Charles Carpentier.

Other YR leaders participating are State YR chairman Richard Matting, Howard Lee White, Illinois YR Board chairman, Cook County YR chairman Robert Bradner, Co-chairman Leona Richards, and Cook County queen, Madonna Tontsch.

Following the dignitaries will be bands, baton twirlers, floats, and bathing beauties, ancient cars, colorful clowns and thousands of enthusiastic volunteers marching to a smashing victory in '60.

The parade will form at Ohio Street and move south along the west side of Michigan Avenue to Monroe Street where the units will cross over to the east side of the street and will pass the reviewing stand located between Adams and Jackson streets. The parade will end at Eighth Street.



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NATIONAL FEDERATION

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Release Monday P.M.'s
July 25, 1960

YR RECEPTION AT BLACKSTONE;
'SERPENTINE ROMP' IN LOOP

Chicago.... College and Illinois YR's will sponsor two cwing events following the second convention session Tuesday evening, July 26.

The Illinois YR's will host a reception in the Mayfair Room of the Sheraton-Blackstone Hotel on Tuesday from 11 to 2 p.m.

About 250 state and national YR officers have been sent invitations for the affair, directed by Miss Ann Wold, a member of the YR Committee on Social Arrangements.

Vocal entertainment will be supplied by the "Windy-Citizens," an octet of Chicago YR's.

Immediately following the Tuesday session of the convention, The Minutemen, a group of college Young Republicans of Illinois, plan a huge "Serpentine Romp" through the loop area on Tuesday evening immediately following the convention session. Invitations (without RSVP's) are out to all Republicans, young and old alike, to participate in this affair.

After an old fashioned rally and instruction session in Grant Park, across from the Conrad Hilton Hotel, the "Romp" will start from the lobby of the Conrad Hilton Hotel and proceed to the lobby of the Sheraton Blackstone and then up Michigan avenue to the lobby of the Congress Hotel.

From there it will proceed north on Michigan avenue to Randolph street, then west on Randolph street to the lobby of the Sherman Hotel, then south on Clark street to the lobby of the LaSalle Hotel, then east on Madison street to State street.

Then north on State street to the lobby of the Palmer House, continuing north on State street to Wacker drive and then to the lobby of the Executive House and on to the Michigan avenue bridge where another rally and jam session will take place after which all will board Wendella lake cruiser boats for a ride on the lake.

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For Immediate Release

THOUSANDS TO PLAY
"MUSICAL CHAIRS"
AT GOP CONVENTION

CHICAGO...You can't seat all the people all the time at a national political convention, but at the 1960 Republican Convention almost every registered Young Republican, and invited guests will take his place at least for a while in the gallery of the International Amphitheatre.

The reason: a unique "musical chairs" type of seating--called the Rotating Seat Section--which will be operated by the Young Republicans.

The rotation system was first used at the 1956 Republican Convention in San Francisco, according to Joseph Sheen, 525 Eighth Ave., La Grange, co-chairman with William Cousins, 5716 St. Lawrence St., Chicago, Ill., of the YR group who will operate the seating section as well as the Television Lounge.

"With the employment of this system," says Sheen, "we estimate that as many as several more thousands of people will be able to see the convention than would be possible under ordinary arrangements."

Accredited visitors will pick up tickets to the Rotating Seat Section in the TV Lounge, Sheen explained, with the length of time they may remain in the section determined by the demand for tickets and the space available.

Guests in the YR television Lounge will view convention floor activities on closed circuit television without interruption by commentary or commercials. Information booths will be set up in the Young Republican Lounge for YR workers and visitors seeking information on the convention.

News release



REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE

L. Richard Guiley, Public Relations Director • National 8-4800
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FOR RELEASE

TUESDAY A.M.'s
JULY 26, 1960

SPEECH BY SAMUEL W. WITMER OF ILLINOIS, CANDIDATE FOR THE UNITED STATES SENATE, INTRODUCING REPRESENTATIVE LESLIE C. ARENDS, 17th DISTRICT, ILLINOIS, BEFORE THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION, CHICAGO, JULY 25, 1960

"These are the most crucial times this nation has ever faced". These words have been memorialized by keynoters for 100 years until they have become a part of the American political convention. They were spoken at the convention of the Republican Party of 1860 ..held in this city. The delegates to the second national convention of the new Republican Party assembled in a rough-hewn clapboard structure - especially constructed for this purpose - and curiously called the "Wigwam."

The Republicans came to the Wigwam in Chicago to nominate a President and Vice-President for the United States. They carried out their purpose, and the man whose name was placed in nomination with the following words was selected by the delegates to the convention:

"I desire, on behalf of the delegation from Illinois, to put in nomination, as a candidate for President of the United States, Abraham Lincoln of Illinois."

The delegations cast their ballots. The magic number was reached. Cannons boomed from the convention hall's roof top, bands blared, bells tolled and whistles screamed. Men tossed their hats in ecstasy and embraced in frenzied joy. --- The doors of immortality opened for the brooding spirit of Abraham Lincoln.

Here to recreate for us tonight the acceptance of this great man of the challenge of his party is the Congressman from the 17th District of Illinois, the minority whip, a man of whom the Republican Party can be proud, my good friend, Leslie C. Arends:

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#125

NATIONAL DRAFT ROCKEFELLER COMMITTEE

Press Room
Conrad Hilton Hotel--Parlor 24 & 25 or
Telephone: HArrison 7-4233-4611-4640

HARSHE-ROTMAN, Inc.
108 North State Street
Telephone: Financial 6-6868

July 23, 1960
FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

William M. Brinton, chairman of the National Draft Rockefeller Committee, has issued the following statement today (Sat., July 23) regarding the Rockefeller-Nixon Republican Platform:

"Now that the complete text of the Rockefeller-Nixon recommendations for the Republican Platform has been made available and can be fully studied, those of us who stand for progress within the party welcome the agreement that has been reached.

"The 'Fourteen Points' are the basic program for which the Governor has long been fighting what appeared to be a solo battle. With the support which the Vice-President brings to Governor Rockefeller's fight, there is little doubt but what the majority of delegates will join in this crusade to make ours the Party of the People.

"Both Governor Rockefeller and the Vice-President face a tough fight when the platform is debated on the convention floor. However, with their combined strength and intelligence in this particular fight, we are certain of victory.

"The Governor has frequently pointed out that these perilous times require vision and courage. The Republican Party is capable of the essential vigor and is proud to provide the leadership needed.

"To the Vice-President, for his courage in facing squarely these vital issues, the Republican Party should say thank you. We would only add, 'Welcome Aboard.'"

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FOR RELEASE
ON DELIVERY
Tuesday, July 19, 1960

PRESENTATION OF REP. JOHN W. BYRNES,
CHAIRMAN, HOUSE REPUBLICAN POLICY COMMITTEE,
BEFORE THE COMMITTEE ON RESOLUTIONS (PLATFORM),
1960 REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION, SHERATON
BLACKSTONE HOTEL, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS,
JULY 19, 1960.

Mr. Chairman and Members of the Committee,

I am honored by your invitation to appear before you. The work you have begun today is the most important business before our convention. That is always true of Republican conventions. It is particularly true today in view of what happened in Los Angeles.

The chief concern of the Democrat party was to pick a ticket acceptable to its dissident factions. The main Democrat objective, it was made clear there, is to regain national power at any cost.

Our task is vastly different.

Our concern is with enunciating a philosophy of government which we believe is best for our country, our people and their future - even at the risk of losing an election.

I believe most sincerely that a Republican victory is essential for the welfare of our nation and I want that victory as much as any man. I would prefer defeat, however, to a hollow and transient victory won by compromising basic principles and the welfare of our children. Any attempt to put success before conviction would be a fatal mistake for our party and a disaster for our nation.

If our party succumbs, as the Democrats have done, to expedient tickets and expedient policies for the sake of victory, we gravely endanger a system of government based upon the recurring choice between two political parties. If the Democrats choose to seek power in an orgy of deals, if victory has become so important to them that no promise is too outlandish to make, it becomes crucially necessary that the Republican Party make its basic appeal to reason and responsibility.

The great test of a democracy is the ability and willingness of the people to avoid the excesses which lead inevitably to its destruction. The American people must never be deprived, by Republicans

1960

ROBERT L. McMANUS, PRESS SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNOR

STATE OF NEW YORK
EXECUTIVE CHAMBER
ALBANY

#127

STATEMENT BY ROBERT L. McMANUS, PRESS SECRETARY
TO GOVERNOR ROCKEFELLER

Governor Rockefeller has been keeping in constant touch with all developments on the shaping of the platform through the Governor's staff in Chicago specifically assigned to this task. He has also been in direct communication with Chairman of the Platform Committee Charles Percy.

The Governor is keenly appreciative that Chairman Percy has been doing his patient and utmost best in a job made difficult by clear conflicts of views.

At the same time, he is deeply concerned that the reports reaching him clearly indicate that the drafts on a number of matters -- including national defense, foreign policy and some critical domestic issues -- are still seriously lacking in strength and specifics.

These matters are among the most important in the whole platform.

The Governor is convinced that vigorous and forthright positions in all these areas -- and in the particularly crucial case of civil rights -- are vital for both the nation and the Republican Party.

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FOR RELEASE

Thursday AM's
July 14, 1960

The Young Republican National Federation today announced expansion of its personally conducted public tours of the 27th Republican National Convention scene in Chicago's International Amphitheatre. The YRs said that public response to their announced tours has been so great that they have added seven hours to their schedule.

Ned Cushing, Federation chairman, said the tours now will be conducted from 9 AM to 10 PM on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, July 21-23, and from noon until 6 PM on Sunday, July 24.

The tours will be conducted through the entire convention area by 50 boy and girl students - all Young Republicans - from more than 25 colleges and universities.

Gary Binnie, Galeburg, Ill., and Jim Harff, Milwaukee, Wis., co-chairmen of the YR College Student Arrangements, said the young guides would wear uniform, identifying costumes. The girls will have dark skirts, and red banners across white blouses, while the boys will wear dark trousers and white shirts. Both boys and girls will sport badges bearing their names and college affiliations.

The 50 Young Republican guides will work in relays to conduct 150 tours a day on 10-minute departure schedules from the Amphitheatre's East entrance on Halsted Street.

Each person making the tour will be presented with an illustrated souvenir brochure containing informative material about the GOP's Lincoln Centennial Convention, the Republican Party, and the International Amphitheatre.

Young Republicans set up the tours to permit the thousands of persons who, because of space limitation and ticket scarcity, could not otherwise have viewed the setting of the nomination of the Republican candidates for President and Vice President in 1960. Besides the podium from which the newly nominated candidates will make their acceptance speeches, and from which President Eisenhower,

(MORE)

1960

ROBERT L. McMANUS, PRESS SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNOR

4129

STATE OF NEW YORK
EXECUTIVE CHAMBER
ALBANY

TRANSCRIPT OF A TELEVISED INTERVIEW WITH
GOVERNOR ROCKEFELLER TO BE SHOWN OVER THE
FACILITIES OF STATION WBBM-TV, CHICAGO,
ILLINOIS, 10:15 P.M., TUESDAY, JULY 19, 1960

MR. REYNOLDS: Good evening. Whatever the results of the balloting next week, it is clear that the Governor of New York will have an important role in the Republican Convention, perhaps as a candidate, perhaps as a draftee, but certainly as a vigorous spokesman for his views, not all of which are endorsed by all members of his party.

Governor Rockefeller spoke to the Platform Committee today. He has consented to talk with Hugh Hill and me tonight.

Governor, in your statement today you said that we do not now possess sufficient strength. Now, do you really expect this statement to be reflected in the Republican Party platform?

GOVERNOR ROCKEFELLER: Are you referring to military strength?

MR. REYNOLDS: Yes.

GOVERNOR ROCKEFELLER: Well, I hope so, with a shift in the balance of power which we have had so predominately right after the war, our monopoly of nuclear weapons and our delivery capacity which kind of slowly has been undermined by the fact that the Soviets have been able to get nuclear weapons and now a capacity of delivery by planes, and now missiles both inter-continental and short-range.

I think with this new Cuban situation and action on the parts of the Soviets, as in the case of Cuba where they have the audacity to state that they will attack this country if we go to defend the forces of freedom in the Western Hemisphere, I think the Republican Party is going to act, and act strongly on this subject.

MR. REYNOLDS: Doesn't your statement almost amount to an indictment of the present Republican administration?

GOVERNOR ROCKEFELLER: If we weren't living in a period of such rapid change, if we weren't living in a period when weapons technology -- what is good today is gone tomorrow because it is outdated, whereas in past times it was ten, twenty or fifty years before any major changes took place -- then I would say it was an indictment, but we do live in this era. There are new circumstances and rapidly changing times and I think we as a party want to recognize even though it is an election year that there are changes and that we have to meet these new circumstances.

MR. HILL: Do you think the solution of that problem is the mere expenditure of three and a half billion dollars more?

GOVERNOR ROCKEFELLER: I would take out the "mere." I think that the expenditure of additional funds is essential to do two things: one -- I think we have got to have a retaliatory force that is invulnerable to enemy attack, to a surprise attack, and we have got to have a population that is invulnerable to it, too, and that after such an attack on our country we as a people -- we with our weapons -- will be able to deliver such a devastating blow against any enemy that he will figure that he can't afford to make an attack upon us. That is number one and we do not have that kind of invulnerability of our retaliatory forces today.

(more)

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At Will
July 1960

A GOP CONVENTION FEATURE....NO. 6

PLATFORMS -- OLD AND NEW

Platforms are a creature of political party conventions, and neither was known to our Founding Fathers.

George Washington was the unanimous choice of the Presidential Electors in both his first and second election, and political parties had not yet taken shape in the United States. But after President Washington left office, and despite his warning against "the baneful effects of the spirit of party generally," rival political factions entered the national scene.

The new political parties had to find a way to pick candidates, and for a quarter-century they used caucuses -- closed meetings of the party's Members in Congress.

But in 1824 three men -- Andrew Jackson, Henry Clay and John Quincy Adams -- all campaigned without caucus endorsement and all received some (but not a majority) of electoral votes. Adams was finally chosen by the House of Representatives.

In 1828 Jackson was nominated by a combination of "state legislative caucuses, public meetings and irregular conventions of the people."

Conventions as we know them today started in 1831 when the Anti-Mason party held the first nominating convention in history.

In 1832 the National Republicans (no kin to the present Party) published the first platform ever adopted by a national convention. They adopted what they called "an address to the people of the United States," which consisted primarily of an attack on Andrew Jackson and his administration.

Although the word "platform" itself was used to describe a "plan of action" as early as the 17th century, it only came into common use as a term to designate a party's statement of principles and objectives by 1840. Platforms have generally been adopted by Presidential nominating conventions ever since.

The Long and the Short of It

Platforms have varied in length.

The shortest on record for a major American party was adopted by the Northern

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FOR RELEASE

PMs Tuesday
July 19, 1960

TEXT OF AN ADDRESS TO THE REPUBLICAN PLATFORM COMMITTEE BY DR. LEE A. DuBRIDGE, PRESIDENT OF THE CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, ON TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 19, CRYSTAL BALLROOM, SHERATON-BLACKSTONE HOTEL, CHICAGO, ILL.

SCIENCE AND A BETTER AMERICA

It is an honor to be asked to present to you today my views on how science is related to a better America, and how the pursuit of science and its applications can greatly improve our daily living, our welfare and our security.

Science, of course, is not a subject which is related to partisan politics. The statement I am making to you now could equally well have been made two weeks ago to the Democratic Platform Committee which was then meeting in Los Angeles. I would be delighted if both parties should recognize in their platforms the importance of our government fostering the advancement of science as an essential element of national policy.

The Republican Committee on Program and Progress has already set forth its views in this area in its remarkable document "Decisions for a Better America". I have just finished rereading the chapter on "The Impact of Science and Technology" prepared by a task force led by my good friend Charles E. Ducommun of Los Angeles. I want to state at once that I endorse every word in that chapter, and I believe most scientists would agree with me on this. There will be differences in details of programs, but we all can subscribe to the general policy statement:

"Our nation needs a strong science and technology to defend itself, to foster personal freedom, and to improve our standard of living."

...

"Science must constantly be fostered to bring about worth-while changes and to solve mankind's problems. It is the duty of government to assist in bringing about orderly, constructive changes, but to preserve man's freedoms as they take place."

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FOR RELEASE

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE
JULY 24, 1960

BOOTHS DISPLAY VARIED
CONVENTION SOUVENIRS

For those who want to take home more than vague memories from the 1960 GOP Convention, the souvenir booths in the lower lobby of the Conrad Hilton offer a variety of mementoes to suit myriad tastes and pocketbooks.

The 1960 Convention has a wealth of new "gimmicks" for delegates who want to decorate campaign headquarters, and personal souvenirs for wearing, displaying or taking home for the knick knack shelf, friends, relatives or business associates who were unable to attend the Chicago Convention.

The elephant runs rampant through the 1960 displays -- with one enterpriser featuring the genuine article carved from African wood. Prices on the visual display material are modest, ranging from a half-cent for a new plastic button to a few dollars for an animated elephant with a waving trunk.

Pictures of the Vice President and the President are available in a multitude of sizes. One booth features pictures on simulated stamps, and an assortment of sizes topped by a four-footby six-foot spectacular.

Chief appeal of the "pitchmen" booths is the custom-made merchandise, not available in local stores. The Republican party, platform, candidates and symbolic elephant are available on decorative and utilitarian items, such as cuff links, earrings, tie bars, cigarette lighters, mugs, neckties, tie clips, money clips and costume jewelry.

Highlights of the exhibit include elephant piggy banks to encourage GOP thrift, red, yellow, and blue feathers imprinted with campaign slogans, an ash-tray with a special pen to collect auto-

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FOR RELEASE

IMMEDIATE

MORTON SAYS KENNEDY TAKES LOW ROAD
TOWARDS HIS 'NEW FRONTIER' ASSAILS DEMOCRATIC HATCHET JOB

SENATOR THRUSTON B. MORTON OF KENTUCKY, CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE, TODAY ISSUED THE FOLLOWING STATEMENT ON HIS ARRIVAL IN CHICAGO FOR THE REPUBLICAN NATIONAL CONVENTION:

The Democratic Convention just concluded should go down in history as one of the worst examples of the functioning of our political system.

It was so completely in the control of a power-hungry, well-heeled organization that it completely crushed any and all opposition.

Harry Truman, the only living ex-President in the Democratic Party, couldn't touch it and stayed away.

He knew what he was talking about when he said in advance that it was pre-arranged. Rigged was the only word for it.

Adlai Stevenson, titular leader of the party and two time candidate, was pushed aside. He was a pathetic figure trying to buck the Kennedy steamroller. Humphrey, Symington, Meyner and Freeman were assigned roles as spear carriers. Senator Lyndon Johnson, the most powerful man in Congress, met his master in the young Kennedys. It's going to take a long time for the party leaders to get used to seeing this supremely powerful figure playing second fiddle to the youth in whom he heaped scorn and ridicule for so long a time. "Don't send a boy to do an old man's job," Lyndon implored all week, and on Friday he put his arm around him and called him one of the great leaders of all time.

Kennedy-Johnson make the most incompatible presidential ticket in the history of either party.

The Democrats passed a strong civil rights plank and then nominated Senator Johnson to prove they didn't mean it.

And then, as if to cap the cynical performance of the whole convention, Senator Kennedy turned his acceptance speech into a new style hatchet job.

Vice President Richard Milhous Nixon can trace his ancestry on both sides back to the heart of of America--the Midwest.

His mother's family for three generations made its home in Indiana. His father grew up in Ohio.

Nixon's ancestry in this country dates back to rugged pioneer days -- to 1690 on his mother's side and 1729 on his father's.

Both the Nixons and Milhouses followed the frontier from Pennsylvania and Delaware to Ohio and Indiana and eventually to California.

Along the way they left established family branches in small towns and cities throughout the Midwest.

"Preachers, ministers, shopkeepers, school principals, yes," recalls his mother, Mrs. Hannah Milhous Nixon, "but I can't think of a Nixon or a Milhous holding an office higher than that of a sheriff."

The sheriff, John Nixon of Philadelphia, gave the Declaration of Independence its first reading.

Nixon's father, Francis Anthony Nixon, grew up as a member of a Scotch-Irish Methodist farm family near McArthur, Ohio. With an education limited by financial need, Frank Nixon worked at a variety of trades and finally became a street-car motorman. After his feet were frostbitten one winter as he stood on an open vestibule, he moved to sunny California.

The first Milhouses came to Jennings County- Indiana, in 1854. They were the Vice President's great-grandparents, Joshua Vickers Milhous and his wife, Elizabeth.

As Quakers, the Milhouses rode a tide of migration into Indiana. Many members of the Society of Friends, having religious scruples against slavery, moved north. Others, such as the Milhouses, who came from Belmont County, Ohio, made a westward migration.

The Milhouses settled near the little town of Butlerville in the hilly southeast section of Indiana. Their eldest son, Franklin; his wife, Almira, and their eight children lived on a neighboring farm. Their third daughter was Hannah, mother of the Vice President.

In 1897, Franklin Milhous pioneered again. His goal this time was the new Quaker community of Whittier in Southern California. The home they built in Whittier contained doors, window frames and some lumber brought all the way from Indiana.

Frank Nixon and Hannah Milhous met at a Quaker social party in Whittier. Two years later they were married. They operated a lemon grove at Yorba Linda, a few miles from Whittier. The second of their five sons, born at Yorba Linda, was named Richard.

The Nixons returned to Jennings County, Indiana, for a visit in 1920. Mr. and Mrs. Frank Etter, who bought the farm across the road from the old Milhous place in 1912, recall that Richard, then about 7, wanted a drink of water.

Mrs. Etter went out to the spring to get a bucket of water and Richard insisted on helping her carry it back to the house. "I thought at the time," she said, "what an energetic kid."

That energy has taken Richard Nixon to Indiana 22 times and Ohio 12 times since he campaigned for the Vice Presidency in 1952. His visit to Chicago for the 1960 Republican Convention is his 26th in nine years.

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P M s OF MONDAY
JULY 25, 1960

INTRODUCTION OF LANNY D. UNRUH, WINNER OF THE 1960 AMERICAN LEGION NATIONAL
HIGH SCHOOL ORATORICAL CONTEST BY SENATOR ANDREW SCHOEPEL.

Ladies and gentlemen, distinguished guests, fellow delegates:

The next speaker is a champion of American youth as well as a youthful champion orator.

Before this Convention is over we shall have heard from many speakers of the highest order. But none can boast -- as can our young guest -- that he has been chosen a champion from among 300,000 high school contestants. He earned a four year college scholarship when he won the title.

May I present to you, the winner of the 1960 American Legion National High School Oratorical contest, Lanny D. Unruh, of Newton, Kansas.

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From the office of
U. S. Senator Hugh Scott (R-Pa.)

SEN. SCOTT URGES AREA REDEVELOPMENT
PLANK IN REPUBLICAN PLATFORM

Chicago, July 22--U.S. Senator Hugh Scott (R-Pa.), Chairman of the Pennsylvania Delegation to the Republican National Convention, today urged the platform-writing Committee on Resolutions to include a plank on area redevelopment.

Senator Scott wrote to Charles H. Percy, Resolutions Committee Chairman:

"Current statistics continue to pinpoint pockets of sub-standard living in the midst of the highest level of employment, income and production our Nation has ever known.

"New and diversified business can be attracted to these areas with loans for industrial development, technical assistance and restraining of personnel. The Eisenhower-Nixon Administration has recognized these needs and asked for aid to depressed areas in the 84th, 85th and 86th Congresses.

"Unrealistic plans, far removed from basic idea of bolstering depressed areas, have been promoted and passed by two Democrat-controlled Congresses. They have courted Presidential veto.

"We need a practical program limited to areas meeting criteria of chronic and persistent unemployment. Industrial loans and loans for public facilities should be financed by appropriations and not by back-door Treasury financing. ^{There should} ~~Be~~ maximum participation by state and local interests. Technical assistance and retraining are essential to economic shift-over.

"The Department of Commerce is prepared to administer such a program without delay and without the cost of establishing another federal agency. Legislation to accomplish these objectives is pending in both Houses of Congress.

"Further delay in enacting a constructive program for depressed areas must lie at the door of the Democratic majority."

**News
release****REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE**L. Richard Guylay, Public Relations Director • NATIONAL 9-6800
1625 Eye Street, Northwest • Washington 6, D. C.**CHICAGO CONVENTION HEADQUARTERS**

EXHIBITION HALL, Conrad Hilton Hotel, also International Amphitheatre / Phone: Harrison 7-1960

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FOR RELEASE**IMMEDIATE
JULY 20, 1960**

Henry Cabot Lodge, United States Representative to the United Nations, will address the Foreign Affairs Forum in the Waldorf Room, Conrad Hilton Hotel, at 2:30 P.M., Wednesday, July 27, it was announced today by AB Hermann, campaign director, Republican National Committee.

The Foreign Affairs Forum will be conducted by the Nationalities Division of the National Committee, under direction of John Hvasta, director. Master of ceremonies of the forum will be Rep. Edward J. Derwinski of Chicago (Rep., Ill.).

More than 500 Republican leaders of various nationalities are expected to attend the forum.

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